



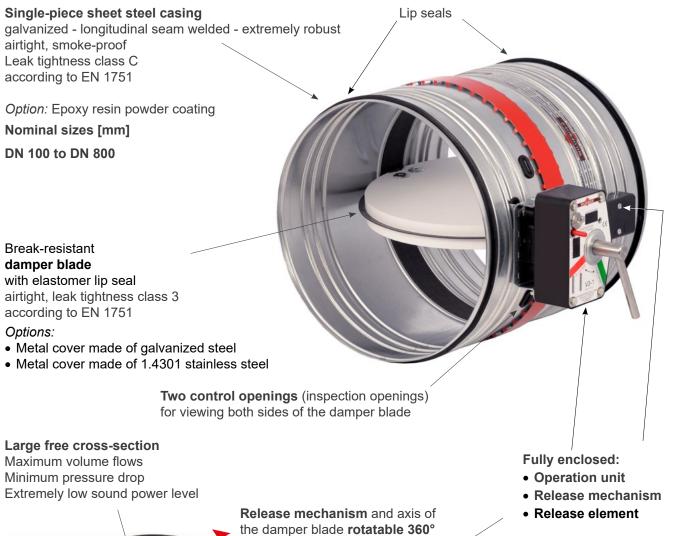
Maintenance-free

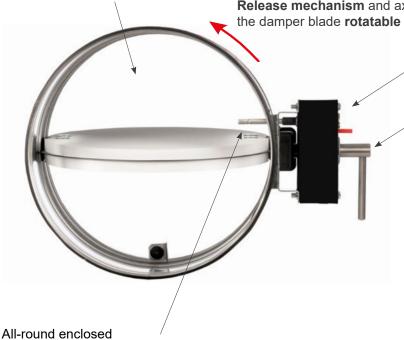
# FR90 fire dampers

- Sizes Ø 100 mm to Ø 800 mm
- For universal use with a wide range of applications
- Fire classification: EI 30/60/90/120 ( $v_e^{}$   $h_o^{}$ , i  $\leftrightarrow$  o) S C $_{10000}^{}$
- Hygiene certificate
- Environmental Product Declaration according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804



Features and characteristics





Thermal-mechanical release mechanism for single handed operation

Electric actuators, also explosion-protected

thermal release elements 70°C or 95°C

Option:

Corrosion-resistant release element 70°C



#### Description

Maintenance-free FR90 fire dampers according to EN 15650

Fire classifications: EI 30/60/90/120 ( $v_e - h_o$ , i  $\leftrightarrow$  o) S C<sub>10000</sub>

Declaration of performance: **DoP no.: CPR/FR90/003** 

EU Declaration of Conformity according to Directive 2014/34/EU for

use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Environmental Product Declaration ISO 14025, EN 15804:

EPD-WWB-20130082-IBA1-DE

Additional national approvals in Germany:

- Building materials: Z-56.4212-993
   FR90 fire dampers are essentially made from non-combustible building materials.
- Air transfer applications: Z-6.50-2133 Z-19.18-2241

All-round single-piece galvanized sheet steel casing. Casing tightness class C according to EN 1751.

Moulded push-fit connections with lip seals for spiral duct according to DIN 24145, for flexible pipe and for similar ducts of ventilation and air conditioning systems. All-round press-moulded beading over the whole length of casing ensures necessary strength and free movement of the damper blade even with large dimensions. Low pressure drop and a very low noise level are thus achieved.

Replaceable damper blade made of high-temperature-resistant, abrasion-proof calcium silicate with wear-resistant elastomer seals. Damper blade leak tightness class 3 according to EN 1751.

Option: Casing with powder coating. ⇒ see page 6

<u>Option:</u> Damper blade with metal cover (not replaceable) made of galvanized steel or 1.4301 stainless steel.

Enclosed, maintenance-free drive mechanism in the area of the casing wall as a self-locking transmission

for break-proof torque transmission. Sealed drive axles made of stainless steel, with red metal bearings. Thermal release mechanisms for  $70^{\circ}$ C or  $95^{\circ}$ C nominal temperature. The operation units can be actuated manually or electrically.  $\Rightarrow$  see pages 4 and 5

Release mechanisms, operation units and electric actuators are enclosed and with a spring return. They are maintenance-free, can be connected in a form-locking or force-fitting manner, are easy to replace and can be easily retrofitted as required.

For installation with horizontal or vertical damper blade axles and in intermediate positions. Air flows are possible from each connection side.

Connection to ventilation ducts made from non-combustible or combustible materials is possible, also protective grille.

Installation spacings from 15 mm possible.

#### Nominal sizes [mm] DN:

100 - 125 - 140 - 160 - 180 - 200 - 224 - 250 - 280 - 315 - 355 - 400 - 450 - 500 - 560 - 630 - 710 - 800

**FR90 fire dampers** in these sizes achieve fire resistance periods of up to 120 minutes if they are installed in accordance with the following stipulations. Installation types in, on or remote from rigid walls and ceilings or metal stud walls, in wooden walls and ceilings and in ceilings with steel frames with a minimum thickness and fire resistance period. If the walls, ceilings have a fire resistance period of less than 120, 90 or 60 minutes, the fire resistance period of the FR90 fire dampers is reduced accordingly; partly if the minimum thickness is lower.

#### Options:

- Circular installation subframe RR (RR100, RR150) for simplified installation in circular installation openings.
   Only up to DN 315! ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 13, 14, 22, 42 to 44
- Rectangular **installation subframe RE** (RE100, RE150) for simplified installation in rigid walls and ceilings and in metal stud walls with cladding on both sides. ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 13, 14, 20 to 22, 42 to 44
- With rectangular **installation subframe RH** (RH100, RH150) for installation in wooden walls and wooden ceilings. ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 28 to 31, 42 to 45
- Rectangular installation subframe RH150 for installation in ceilings with steel frames.
   ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 33, 34, 42 to 45

- Mounting frame AE for mounting on rigid walls and ceilings and walls with cladding on one side and with or without metal studs.
  - ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 15, 26, 27, 35, 42 to 44
- Installation subframe ER6 for sliding ceiling connections with drops of up to 40 mm in metal stud walls with cladding on both sides.
  - $\Rightarrow$  see pages 7, 8, 23 to 25, 42, 43
- Mounting frame RV for connection to ventilation ducts with fire resistance period. Installation remote from rigid walls and ceilings and metal stud walls.

  ⇒ see pages 7, 8, 36 to 39, 42 to 45



Release mechanisms and actuators (1)

FR90 fire dampers, series FR92, are fitted with maintenance-free thermal-mechanical release mechanisms or with thermal-electrical release mechanisms on the spring return actuators. **Release** occurs at a nominal temperature of **70°C** or **95°C**. Coated release elements provide increased corrosion protection.

Electric spring return actuators also close the fire dampers if the supply voltage is interrupted. They reopen the fire dampers as soon as the voltage is present again.

Release mechanisms and operation units can be replaced on site!

#### Thermal-mechanical release mechanism - Standard -

with 70°C release element, protection class IP54.

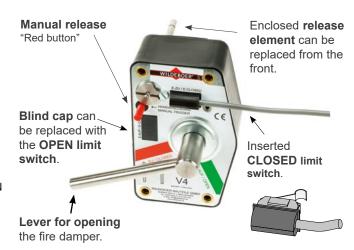
Option: with coated 70°C release element.

Option: with coated 95°C release element.

#### Option: with limit switch

Changeover with gold-plated contacts for 5 A at 250 V AC or 24 V DC; protection class IP67;
 m silicone free connection cable 3 x 0.34 mm².

One or two can be plugged in for the CLOSED and/or OPEN position indicator instead of blind caps.



#### Option: with additional remote release based on the:

**closed circuit principle**. The fire dampers must be opened manually, and close after the electrical supply voltage is interrupted.

**GU24** with magnetic clamp 24 V DC; 1.6 W; 100% duty cycle; IP42.

**WU220** with magnetic clamp 230 V AC; 4 VA; 100% duty cycle; IP42.

**Open circuit principle**. The fire dampers must be opened manually, and close by means of electrical or pneumatic stimulus.

G24 with lifting solenoid 24 V DC; 3.5 W; 100% duty cycle; IP42.

**W220** with lifting solenoid 230 V AC; 5.5 VA; 100% duty cycle; IP42.

P with lift cylinder 4 to 8 bar.P2 with lift cylinder 1.2 to 8 bar.



Release mechanism and remote release with lift cylinder

## Option: Electric spring return actuator - Standard up to DN 315 -

only for sizes **DN** ≤ **315 mm** 

with 70°C release element; protection class IP54.

**M220-10/F** 230 V AC; 6.5 VA / 3 W;  $I_{\text{max} \le 5 \text{ ms}} = 4 \text{ A}$ 

**M24-10/F** 24 V AC/DC; 4 VA / 2.5 W;  $I_{\text{max} \le 5 \text{ ms}} = 8.3 \text{ A}$ 

Runtime: Opening < 60 s, closing ≈ 20 s

CLOSED/OPEN position indicators via limit switches for 0.5 A at  $\leq$  250 V AC or for 1 mA up to 3 A at 5 up to 250 V DC.

Halogen-free connection cable; 1 m long;  $2 \times 0.75$  mm<sup>2</sup> and  $6 \times 0.75$  mm<sup>2</sup>. The AMP connector plugs are detachable.

Option: with 95°C release element.



Figure shows M220-10/F or M24-10/F.

Release mechanisms and actuators (2)

#### Option: Electric spring return actuator

- Standard from DN 355 -

with 70°C release element; protection class IP54.

**M220-9/H** 230 V AC; 9,2 VA;  $I_{\text{max} \le 2 \text{ ms}} = 0.27 \text{ A}$ .

**M24-9/H** 24 V AC/DC; 6.1 VA / 3.5 W;  $I_{max < 2 \text{ ms}} = 3.5 \text{ A}$ .

Runtime: Opening  $\approx 60$  s, closing  $\approx 21$  s.

CLOSED/OPEN position indicators via limit switch for

 $5~\text{A at} \leq 240~\text{V AC}.$ 

Halogen-free connection cable; 0.9 m long;

2 x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> and 6 x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>. The AMP connector

plugs are detachable.

Option: with 95°C release element.

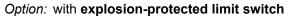


#### - designs

#### Thermal-mechanical release mechanism

with 70°C release element; protection class IP54.

Option: with coated 70°C release element.



**E-Ex** with normally open contact and normally closed

contact for 6 A at ≤ 250 V AC or 0.25 A at

≤ 230 V DC; protection class IP65; 2 m connection cable 4 x 0.75 mm².

One or two can be attached for the CLOSED and/or OPEN

position indicator.

#### Option: Electric spring return actuator

with 70°C release element and terminal box.

**EM-1** 10 Nm

**EM-2** 15 Nm

24 to 240 V AC/DC; protection class IP66.

**RM-1** 10 Nm

Power consumption up to 20 W including heating;

 $I_{\text{nominal}} \leq 0.7 \text{ A; } I_{\text{max} \leq 1 \text{ s}} \approx 2.5 \text{ A}$ 

Runtime: Opening  $\approx 30$  s, closing  $\approx 10$  s.

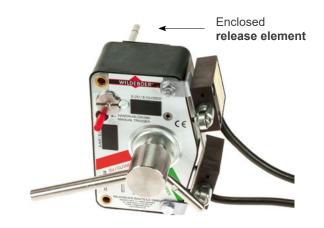
CLOSED and OPEN position indicators via limit

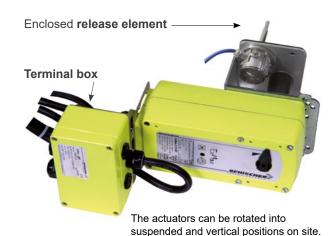
switches for  $\leq$  3 A at 24 V AC/DC and  $\leq$  0.25 A at

250 V AC/DC;at least 5 V, 10 mA.

The 12 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> halogen-free connection cable must be wired in the terminal box! All of the contained voltages must be the same!







#### Use of explosion-protected designs

Building area where a dangerous, potentially explosive atmosphere may occur in normal operation			nixture of air and ses, mists or vapours	in the form of a cloud of combustible dust contained in the air		
		can form occasionally.	occurs temporarily or not at all.	can form occasionally.	occurs temporarily or not at all.	
Zone		1	2	21	22	
Identificati	Identification of the fire damper		II 3 G c IIc T6/T5	II -/2 D c T80°C/T95°C	II -/3 D c T80°C/T95°C	
	al release mechanism with or on-protected limit switch	х	X *)	х	X *)	
NA -4 - u doi:	EM-1 or EM-2	Х	X *)	Х	X *)	
Motor drive	RM-1	-	- X -		X	
Ambient temperatures: -20 +40°C for T6 and T80°C/-20 +50°C for T5 and T95°C  * Also to be used in this zone!				be used in this zone!		



Powder coating/hygiene/installation positions

#### Option: Powder coating

For FR90 fire damper casings with inner and outer epoxy resin coating

- damper blades with metal cover made of 1.4301 stainless steel
- thermal-mechanical release mechanisms with **corrosion-resistant** (coated) **release element 70°C** should be used. This allows for additional corrosion protection for higher stresses.

#### FR90 fire dampers

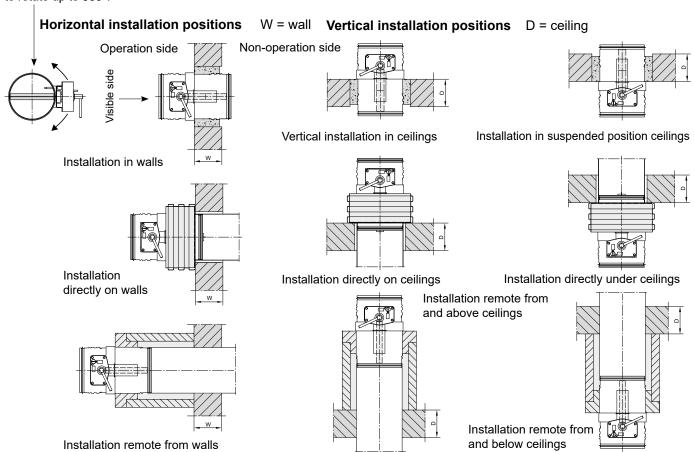
- meet the hygiene requirements according to VDI 6022-1, VDI 3803-1, DIN 1946-4, DIN EN 13779
- do not promote the growth of microorganisms <sup>1)</sup> (fungi, bacteria). This
  reduces the risk of infection for people and also the necessary cleaning and
  disinfection work!
- are resistant to disinfectants 2)
- are suitable for use in hospitals and similar facilities!
- permanently perform their function under high corrosion conditions.
   Tested according to EN 15650, annex B with 20% saline solution.



- <sup>1)</sup> The corresponding **resistance of the materials to fungi and bacteria** has been verified by testing the microbial metabolic potential according to DIN EN ISO 846 for all materials in the FR90 fire dampers.
- The resistance to disinfectants of the materials in the FR90 fire dampers was tested with the disinfectant groups of active ingredients alcohol and quaternary compounds. These disinfectants are on the list by the Robert Koch Institute, and were used in accordance with the specifications in the list of disinfectants by the Disinfectants Commission in the German Association for Applied Hygiene (VAH). It has been verified that FR90 fire dampers can withstand normal use of disinfectants and disinfection methods.

#### Installation positions

Damper blade axle and drive can be installed to rotate up to 360°!



Installation subframes/mounting frames

With circular **installation subframe RR100** or **RR150** for simplified installation in circular openings such as core holes in rigid walls and ceilings or holes in metal stud walls with cladding on both sides.

Only up to DN 315!

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 8, 13, 14, 22, 42 to 44



Rectangular **installation subframe RE100** or **RE150** made of calcium silicate for simplified – also multiple – installation in rigid walls and ceilings and in metal stud walls with cladding on both sides.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 8, 13, 14, 20 to 22, 42 to 44

With rectangular installation subframe RH100 or RH150 made of calcium silicate for dry installation in wooden walls and in wooden ceilings

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 8, 28 to 31, 42 to 45



With rectangular **installation subframe RH150** for installation in ceilings with steel frames.

⇒ see pages 8, 33, 34, 42 to 45

With **installation subframe ER6** made from calcium silicate for **sliding ceiling connections** with a drop of up to 40 mm in metal stud walls with cladding on both sides.

The drop can be single or recurring (settlement and changing loads).

⇒ see pages 8, 23 to 25, 42, 43



With **mounting frame AE** made of calcium silicate for mounting on rigid walls and ceilings and on walls

with cladding on one side (shaft walls) and with and without metal studs.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 8, 15, 26, 27, 35, 42 and 44



With **Mounting frame RV** for connection to ventilation ducts with fire resistance period.

Particularly for installation remote from rigid walls and ceilings and from metal stud walls with

cladding on both sides.

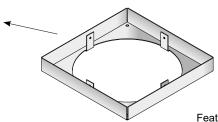
⇒ see pages 8, 36 to 39, 42 to 45



Accessories for mounting frame:

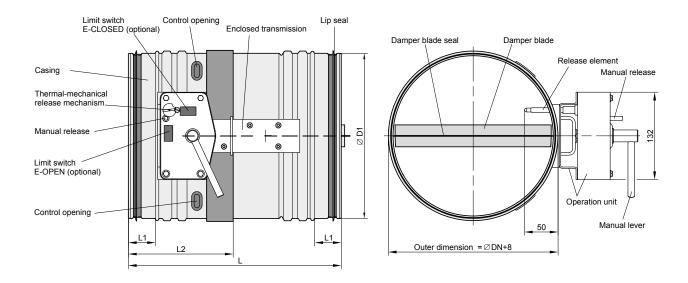
**Connecting frame** for attaching the ventilation duct with fire resistance period to walls and ceilings.

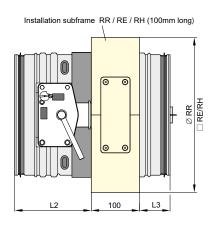
 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 8, 36 to 39, 42 to 44

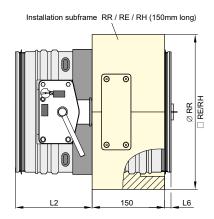


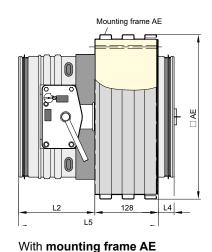
Featured: Size for DN  $\leq$  315

Data sheet (1)









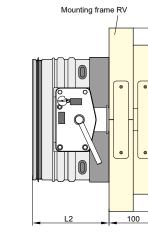
With installation subframe RR100, RR150 (circular) or RE100, RE150, RH100, RH150 (rectangular)

## ⇒ see pages 3, 7, 15, 26, 27, 35, 42 to 44

#### Installation lengths 100 mm and 150 mm.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 13, 14, 20 to 22, 28 to 34, 42 to 44

Installation subframe ER6 (only available assembled) 뀚 68 Stud profile depths S: 50 to 125 mm 100



DN from	100	355
to	315	800
Ø D1	DN - 1	DN - 1
Ø RR	DN + 99	-
□ RE/RH	DN + 89	DN + 99
$\Box$ AE	DN + 110	DN + 120
L	320	340
L1	40	50
L2	155	160
L3	65	80
L4	37	52
L5	283	288
L6	15	30

#### With installation subframe ER6

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 23 to 25, 42, 43

#### With mounting frame RV

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 36 to 39, 42 to 45

All dimensions in mm

DN + 130

Data sheet (2)

#### Maximum excess lengths of mechanical and electrical equipment parts.

Additional space must be provided for assembly, electrical connections and maintenance; observe the cable entry points! In addition to the "T" measurement, it is recommended that a distance of 400 mm be kept from adjacent walls, ceilings or other fire dampers, in order to ensure that the release mechanisms and actuators can be accessed for operational purposes.

#### Damper blade

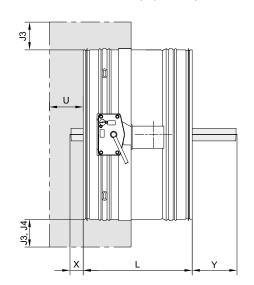
Operation side: X Non-operation side: Y

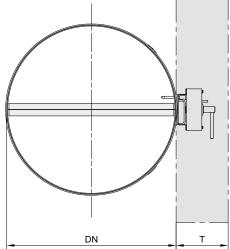
#### **Actuators**

- U Horizontal (delivery condition)
- J Vertical J3 EM-1, RM-1, EM-2

Rotated to vertical or suspended position

J4 M220-11/H, M24-11/H rotated to suspended position





#### Size-independent

excess lengths	Т	U
Thermal-mechanical		
release mechanism	130	-
with: • W220, WU220	155	
• G24, GU24	155	-
• P, P2	140	-
<ul> <li>E-Ex limit switch</li> </ul>	140	-
M220-9/H, M24-9/H	125	60
M220-10/F, M24-10/F	85	80
M220-11/H, M24-11/H	110	110
EM-1, EM-2, RM-1	310	216

#### Size-dependent excess lengths

DN	Ø D1	L	J3	J4	Χ	Υ
100	99	320	220	160	-	-
125	124	320	210	150	-	-
140	139	320	200	140	-	-
160	159	320	190	130	-	-
180	179	320	180	120	-	-
200	199	320	170	110	-	-
224	223	320	160	100	-	-
250	249	320	150	90	-	10
280	279	320	130	70	-	25
315	314	320	115	55	-	43
355	354	340	95	35	-	52
400	399	340	70	10	-	75
450	449	340	45	-	12	100
500	499	340	20	-	37	126
560	559	340	-	-	68	156
630	629	340	-	-	104	192
710	709	340	-	-	144	233
800	799	340	-	-	190	279

#### Operating area, closing and opening

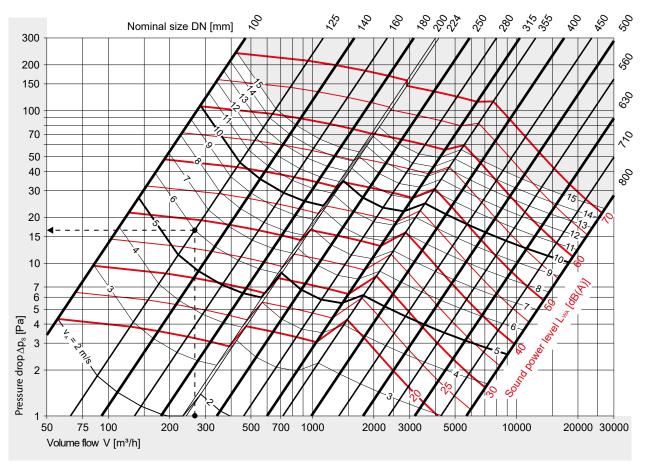
- FR90 fire dampers are quick-closing, apart from the versions with electric actuators. Due to the flow dynamics, if the fire damper is triggered at high inflow velocities, this may cause pressure surges accompanied by multiplication of operating pressures, which in turn may lead to considerable damage to the ventilation and air conditioning system. When shut-off dampers are closed, the volume flows are distributed to other parallel dampers that are still open. This may lead to excessive stress, in particular at high operating pressures, large volume flows and large cross-sections. Electric actuators should be used under such conditions. They close fire dampers relatively slowly. In addition, the fan switch-off can also be triggered via the OPEN limit switch.
- The application limits marked in the nomograms must be complied with!
   ⇒ see page 9
- For large fire dampers that are subjected to an unfavourable flow, actuators
  with large torques may be necessary in order to open the fire dampers when
  the fan is running and there are very large volume flows. These actuators are
  available on request. Alternatively, it is also possible to switch on the fans
  once the fire dampers are fully open.
- It must be ensured that the inflows and outflows are as equal as possible.
- FR90 Fire dampers with electric actuator can be used for OPEN/CLOSED volume flow control.

**Thermal-mechanical release mechanisms** are marked with V3-1, V4, V5-1. The allocations dependent on DN nominal sizes must not be changed!

DN	
≤ 200	V5-1
≥ 224 up to ≤ 315	V3-1
≥ 355	V4

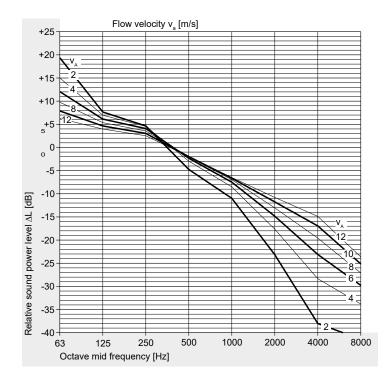


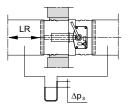
Dimensioning (1) pressure drop, sound power level with ventilation duct connection on both sides



FR90 fire dampers can be used up to 15 m/s velocity in the inflow cross-section A<sub>a</sub> and up to 2500 Pa operating pressure.

#### Relative sound power level





Example: Both sides with ventilation duct connection

 $V = 265 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  DN = 125 mm  $V_A = 6 \text{ m/s}$   $\Delta p_s = 16 \text{ Pa}$  $L_{WA} = 38 \text{ dB(A)}$ 

Sound power level  $\mathsf{L}_{\text{\tiny W-Oct}}$  for the octave mid frequencies

f	[Hz]								
L <sub>wa</sub>	[dB(A)]	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
$\Delta L_{6 \text{ m/s}}$	[dB]	+12	+6	+4	-2	-7	-15	-23	-30
L <sub>w-Oct</sub>	[dB]	50	44	42	36	31	23	-	-

Nomenclature ⇒ see page 11



Dimensioning (2) Free cross-sections, weights, nomenclature

Free cross-sections  $\boldsymbol{A}_{_{free}}$  [m²], weights [kg]

DN	$A_{free}$	Fire	Installation subframe			Mounting	Installation	Mounting	
	[m²]	damper	RE100	RE150			frame	subframe	frame
[m²]	FR90	FR90	RH100	RH150	RR100	RR150	AE	ER6	RV
100	0.0047	2.3	2.0	3.0	1.4	2.2	3.5	4.9	2.1
125	0.0082	2.5	2.4	3.6	1.7	2.5	4.1	5.7	2.5
140	0.0108	2.6	2.6	3.9	1.8	2.7	4.5	6.1	2.7
160	0.0149	2.7	3.0	4.5	2.0	3.0	5.0	6.8	3.1
180	0.0195	2.9	3.3	5.0	2.2	3.3	5.5	7.4	3.4
200	0.0248	3.1	3.7	5.5	2.4	3.6	6.1	8.1	3.8
224	0.0298	3.6	4.1	6.2	2.7	4.0	6.8	8.2	4.2
250	0.0383	3.9	4.7	7.0	2.9	4.4	7.6	9.0	4.8
280	0.0494	4.3	5.3	7.9	3.2	4.8	8.5	9.9	5.4
315	0.0642	4.9	6.0	9.0	3.6	5.3	9.6	11.0	6.1
355	0.0806	7.9	7.6	11.4	-	-	11.8	14.3	7.0
400	0.1051	9.0	8.7	13.1	-	-	13.4	16.2	8.1
450	0.1356	10.4	10.0	15.1	-	-	15.3	18.5	9.4
500	0.1702	11.8	11.5	17.2	-	-	17.3	20.9	10.7
560	0.2169	13.7	13.3	19.9	-	-	19.9	23.9	12.4
630	0.2786	16.1	15.5	23.2	-	-	23.0	27.7	14.6
710	0.3584	19.1	18.2	27.3	-	-	26.8	32.3	17.2
800	0.4603	22.8	21.5	32.3	-	-	31.3	37.9	20.3

The weight of the fire dampers must factor in the weight of the

- installation subframes RE, RH, RR, ER6, the mounting frame AE or the mounting frame RV;
- The following must be added for actuators:

M220-10/F; M24-10/F: 1.5 kg
M220-9/H; M24-9/H: 2 kg
M220-11/H; M24-11/H: 2 kg
EM-1, RM-1; EM-2: 5 kg

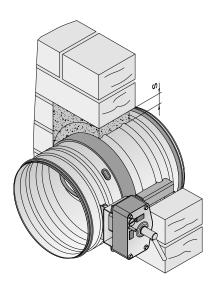
#### **Nomenclature**

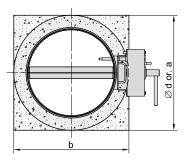
DN	[mm]	Nominal size
$A_{_{A}}$	[m²]	Inflow cross-section
A <sub>free</sub>	$[m^2]$	Free cross-section
V	[m³/h]	Volume flow
$V_A$	[m/s]	Flow velocity in inflow cross-section (inflow velocity)
$\Delta p_s$	[Pa]	Static pressure drop
L <sub>W-Oct</sub>	[dB]	Octave sound power level $L_{w-oct} = L_{wA} + \Delta L$
ΔL	[dB]	Relative sound power level to L <sub>wa</sub>
f	[Hz]	Octave mid frequency
L.,,	[dB(A)]	A-weighted, area-corrected sound power level



Installation in rigid walls and ceilings (1)

Installation without installation subframe (standard installation)





Installation opening a x b or  $\varnothing$  d

 $a \geq DN + 30 \text{ mm, } b \geq DN + 75 \text{ mm,}$ 

 $d \ge DN + 75 \text{ mm}$ 

**Clearance** between FR90 fire dampers≥ 15 mm.

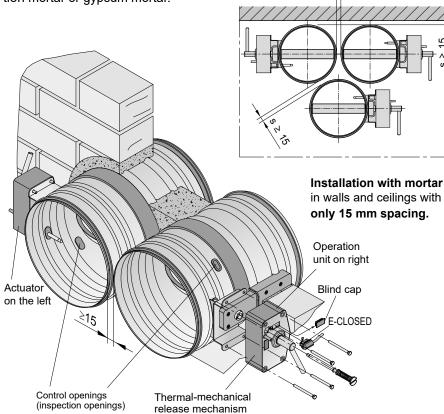
Installation does not require a specific opening when the wall or ceiling is built.

The rigid walls and ceilings can be made of concrete, lightweight concrete, porous concrete (aerated concrete) or plaster. They can be a masonry or wallboard construction and must have a bulk density of ≥ 450 kg/m³. Walls can also be fire walls, shaft walls, shafts or ducts.

The all-round  $\geq$  15 mm wide gap "s" should be filled  $\geq$  100 mm deep with mortar of group II or III according to DIN 1053 or classes M2.5, M5, M10 or M20 according to EN 998-2, or with the corresponding fire-protection mortar or gypsum mortar.

To install the FR90 fire dampers in rigid walls and ceilings, **the minimum thicknesses W, D [mm]** are required:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>	30 60 90 <b>120</b>
Rigid walls	9	5
Rigid ceilings	100	115



Installation in rigid walls and ceilings (2)

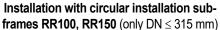
Screw M6x20

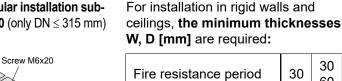
Installation

subframe RE

100 / 150

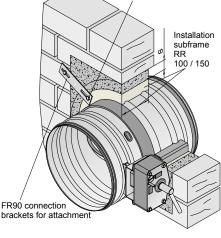
#### Installation with rectangular installation subframes RE100, RE150





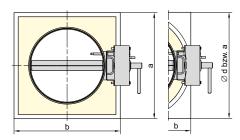
Fire resistance period in minutes	30 <b>60</b>	30 60 <b>90</b>
Rigid walls	70*)	100
Rigid ceilings	-	100

\*) This installation must be performed with installation subframe RE100 or RR100.





FR90 connection brackets for attachment



#### Installation openings

Installation with mortar

 $DN \le 315$ : a x b = DN + 120 to 190  $DN \ge 355$ : a x b = DN + 130 to 200  $DN \le 315$ :  $\emptyset d = DN + 130 to 170$  $DN \le 200$ : a x b = DN + 130

Fill gap s with mortar! ⇒ see page 12 Mortaring in ceilings must be secured

from falling out by roughening the reveals or using mortar anchors!

 Installation with mineral wool  $DN \le 315$ : a x b = DN + 110 to 130 DN ≥ 355: a x b = DN + 120 to 140

DN ≤ 315: Ø d = DN + 120 to 140 Design gap s ≤ 20 mm and fill with

mineral wool! ⇒ see page 14

Mineral wool must be prevented from falling out by using a non-combustible adhesive! A sheet metal cover is recommended when using mineral wool!

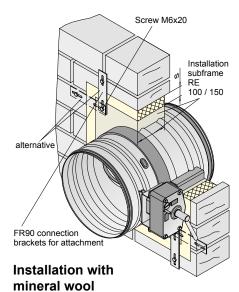
Filled installation

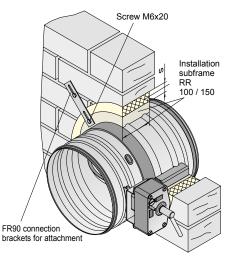
 $DN \le 315$ : a x b = DN + 93 mmDN ≥ 355: a x b = DN + 103 mm

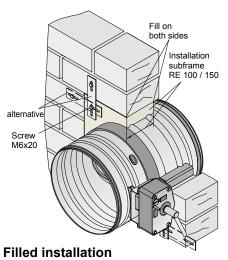
DN ≤ 315: Ø d = DN + 103 mm

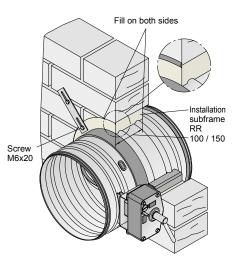
Joints must be designed approx. 2 mm and sealed on both sides of the wall or ceiling with gypsum filler or with non-combustible adhesive!

Adhesive ⇒ see page 44











Installation in rigid walls and ceilings (3)

In hard-to access corners and directly on walls and ceilings, gaps "s" on FR90 fire dampers without installation subframe can be filled with two layers and 150 mm deep with mineral wool "Knauf Insulation TPD" or equivalent. They must be secured with non-combustible adhesive. A sheet metal cover is recommended when using insulation wool. Mortaring in ceilings must be prevented from falling out by roughening the reveals or using mortar anchors!

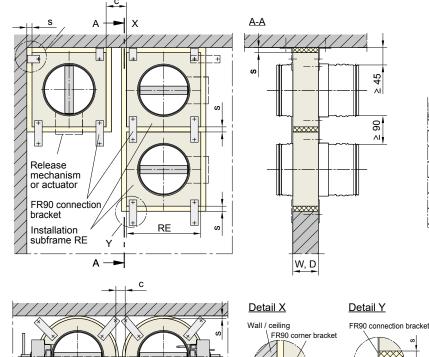
Settlement joint possible  $\leq 0.9 \times DN$ AA

Partial mortaring

Mineral wool:

Bulk density  $\geq 150 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Melting point  $\geq 1000^{\circ}\text{C}$ Adhesive  $\Rightarrow$  see page 44

**Multiple installation** of up to 4 x FR90 fire dampers of the same size side-by-side, above each other or in a combined manner is possible without any weight restriction. Assembly of frames RE ⇒ see page 21

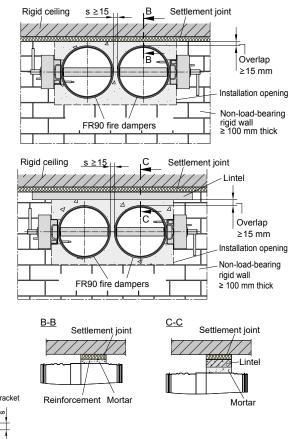


For installation in rigid walls and ceilings, the minimum thicknesses W, D [mm] are required:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Rigid walls	100
Rigid ceilings	100

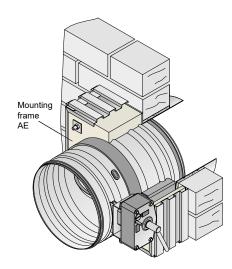
Types of walls and ceilings ⇒ see page 12

**Settlement joints** (sliding ceiling connection) above non-load-bearing rigid walls and under ceilings are filled on site, with mineral wool for example. The illustration shows the installation of FR90 fire dampers immediately under such settlement joints. A reinforcement should be inserted into the mortar bed or a lintel to prevent cracks from forming later.



**Spacings c** between subframes RE or RR that are not directly next to each other depend on the structural properties of the wall or ceiling.  $C \ge 50$  mm is normally sufficient. For installation in walls, 4 x **FR90 connection brackets** or **FR90 corner brackets** are required on one side; for installation in ceilings, they are necessary on both sides (8 x).

Mounting on rigid walls and ceilings



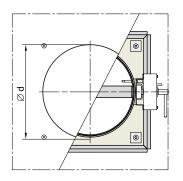
#### Mounting on masonry (example)

Mounting frames AE should be secured with threaded rods which pass through the wall or ceiling, and washers and nuts on both sides.

Dowels with verification of fire protection suitability can be used in suitable walls and ceilings.

Factory-produced holes in the mounting frames AE indicate the number of the fastenings.

DN	рс	рс
[mm]	per corner	in total
≤ <b>315</b>	1	4
≥ 355	2	8



#### Installation opening

 $\emptyset$ d = DN + 10 to 15 mm

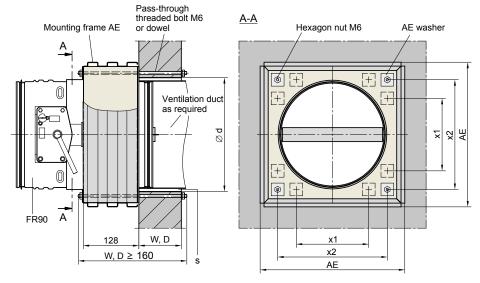
The gap between ventilation duct and wall or ceiling does not need to be filled.

#### Mounting with mounting frame AE

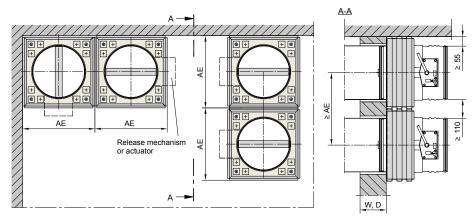
Types of walls and ceilings ⇒ see page 12

To mount the FR90 fire dampers, the opposite **Minimum thickness W, D [mm]** is required:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Rigid walls and ceilings	100



DN | 100 125 140 160 180 200 224 250 280 315 355 400 450 500 560 630 710 800 AE | 210 235 250 270 290 310 334 360 390 425 475 520 570 620 680 750 830 920 x1 | - - - - - - - - - - 228 250 275 300 330 365 405 450 x2 | 120 145 160 180 200 220 244 270 300 335 385 430 480 530 590 660 740 830



**Spacing** between the mounting frames AE of the FR90 fire dampers and from the adjacent walls and ceilings is not required.

**Ventilation ducts** on the non-operation side of the FR90 fire damper can be fed through the wall or ceiling and should lie flush. The connection of the FR90 fire damper on the non-operation side can be fully inserted in these.

Connections can be made to the casing of missing fire dampers if it is ensured that the damper blade can move freely!  $\Rightarrow$  see page 9



Installation in metal stud walls (1a) General

#### Wall types

The walls, shaft walls, facings, fire walls etc. must be produced according to the manufacturer's specifications or technical standards. General building authority test certificates (AbP) must be observed in Germany.

Consideration must be given to specifications for design, fire resistance period and fire safety classification, specified wall widths, wall heights and wall thicknesses, and dimensionings for studding and cladding.

 Flexible walls of the "metal stud wall" type can be clad on one side or both sides. The cladding may be single-layer or multi-layer, depending on the fire resistance period.

In general, shaft walls and facings should be clad on one side. Shaft walls without metal studs should only be fastened at the side. ⇒ see pages 26 to 27

Fire walls and safety partition walls are metal stud walls with multi-layer cladding on both sides, and can contain inlays made from sheet steel. ⇒ see page 35

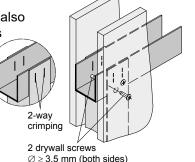
- Metal stud walls can be produced with or without mineral wool between the metal studs.
- Cladding made of DF type gypsum boards according to EN 520 or equivalent cladding material (fire-resistant plasterboards, cement-bound boards, calcium silicate boards, etc.) must be fixed in a manner appropriate to the wall in question.

In the perimeter area of the FR90 fire dampers, cladding must be secured with drywall screws of a suitable length and  $\geq$  3.9 in diameter at spacings of  $\leq$  200 mm or  $\leq$  150 mm.  $\Rightarrow$  see pages 18 to 27 and 35

- Profiles for metal stud walls are described by DIN 18182 and EN 14195, and constructions by DIN 18183.
- FR90 fire dampers may be installed in metal stud walls with **up to 1000 mm metal stud spacing** (span), and have been tested accordingly.
- The required bay rails and stiffeners should be used for installing FR90 fire dampers in metal stud walls so as to produce circumferential frames. Intersections must be connected with two blind rivets made from steel with diameters of 4 to 5 mm or with drywall screws with diameters of ≥ 3.5 mm and lengths of ≥ 10 mm.

Two-way prefixing may also be performed by means of clinching (**crimping**), as is typical in dry construction. Two joint points should be used. In addition, the

claddings must be



The following **minimum thickness W [mm]** is required for installing FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes		30 <b>60</b>	30 60 <b>90</b>	30 60 90 <b>120</b>
Metal stud walls with cladding on both sides	≥ 1-layer cladding	70	-	-
	≥ 2-layer cladding	•	95	95
Shaft walls made of wall boards, at least 2-layer	with metal studs	-	90	-
	without metal studs	-	40	-

**Details** according to wall types ⇒ see pages 18 to 27 connected to the metal framework at the intersections using double-connected screw fastenings.

• Fillings suitable for gap "s":

**Openings** in the **gap "s"** can be filled manually or mechanically with **mortar** of group II or III according to DIN 1053 or classes M2.5, M5, M10 or M20 according to EN 998-2, or with the corresponding fire protection mortar or gypsum mortar.

The minimum thickness W of the wall is generally sufficient as the depth of mortaring.

"Knauf Insulation TPD" **mineral wool** or equivalent with bulk density ≥ 150\*) kg/m³, building material class A according to DIN 4102 or according to EN 13501-01 and melting point ≥1000°C must be used; darning wool as well

Mineral wool should be fixed to prevent it falling out by using a non-combustible **adhesive**.

Adhesive ⇒ see page 44

In the case of **installation subframes RE** in metal stud walls, the gap can also be filled with cladding panels made of wall-building materials, construction boards made from calcium silicate, mats made of calcium-magnesium silicate or with ceramic fibre; the building material class A and ≥ 1000°C melting point is always required.

<sup>\*)</sup> Lower bulk densities are possible for shorter fire resistance periods of less than 90 minutes! ⇒ see page 19



Installation in metal stud walls (1b) Metal framework

**Installation openings** for FR90 fire dampers require cutouts in cladding, and trimmers or particular arrangements may be required in metal studs.

Sub-structures of metal stud walls consist of CW profiles as supports. These should be set on the floor and on the ceiling in UW profiles fastened to the floor and ceiling. Supports adjoining rigid walls are then attached to these profiles.

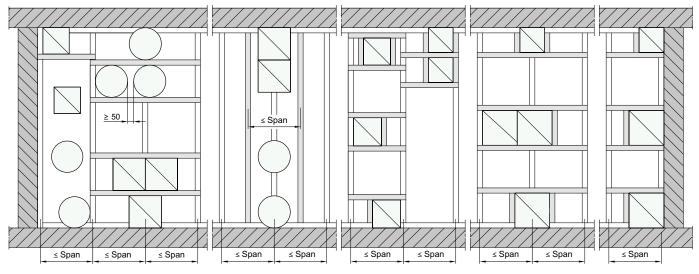
Installation openings for FR90 fire dampers should be produced, as described above, as circumferentially sealed frames made of profiles. Sealed profile webs are possible, if required, using box-shaped nesting. These are adjoined by fillings made of mineral wool or mortar or installation subframes RE of the fire dampers. Exceptions are possible with installation openings which have an accurate fit.

Severed supports will require trimmers which can simultaneously serve as the frame for the installation openings. Trimmers are needed for installation openings with widths larger than the spans.

#### **Examples of installation openings**

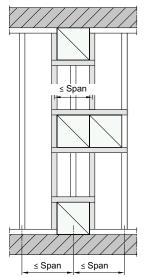
Installation with installation subframes in wall thicknesses ≤ 150 mm

Installation with mortar, mineral wool, installation subframe



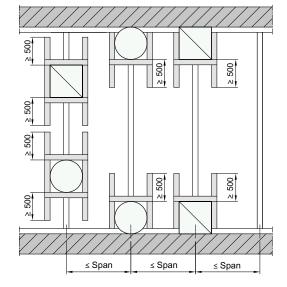
Depending on the type of wall, suitable connections can be used to **interrupt profiles on ceilings and floors** for the purpose of installing FR90 fire dampers. ⇒ see pages 18 to 22, 26 to 27

Trimmers, as shown for retroactive installation, require addition-



al metal studs on the left and right. These should be set in the floor and ceiling profiles.

For this purpose, the wall can be cut and new openings created. New claddings must then be attached to the added and existing studs, making sure to maintain the necessary overlaps. Surplus studs can be removed as long as the intended spans are not exceeded.

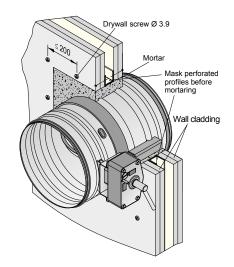


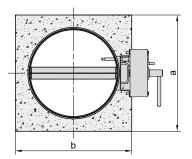
For **H** trimmers with horizontal profiles above and below the installation opening and with vertical profiles on the right and

left edge, non-adjacent vertical profiles must be  $\geq 500$  mm longer. Cladding for these profiles must be screwed on with spacing of  $\leq 200$  mm.



Installation in metal stud walls (2) Installation with mortar

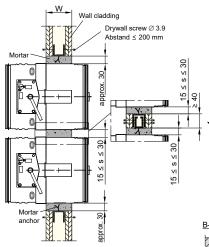




#### Installation openings

a x b or  $\emptyset$ d  $\geq$  DN + approx. 60 mm

#### Connections within the wall



#### Partial mortaring

(up to fire resistance class El 90)

Gap "s" = 15 mm to 50 mmshould be filled 150 mm deep with mineral wool in two-layer cut-outs from boards and fixed in place to prevent falling out using non-combustible adhesive. sheet metal cover is recommended when using mineral wool!

#### Installation with mortar

Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The minimum thicknesses W [mm] shown opposite are required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 90 <b>120</b>
Walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

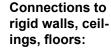
#### Weight limit

FR90 fire dampers with a total weight of ≤ 90 kg including mortar (approx. 2200 kg/m³) may be installed between two metal studs!

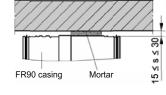
Total	Total weight [kg] of fire damper incl. mortar with W = 100 mm*)						I <sup>*)</sup>		
DN	100	125	140	160	180	200	224	250	280
[kg]	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	14	16
DN	315	355	400	450	500	560	630	710	800
[kg]	19	24	28	33	37	44	52	62	75

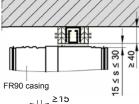
The table applies for installation openings of the size DN+ 60 mm.

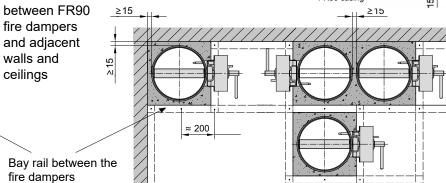
Mortar anchors made from, for example, riveted perforated tape must be attached to the metal profiles of the wall, at least 1 piece per side, with approx. 200 mm spacing. Openings in perforated metal profiles must be masked with adhesive film before mortaring.

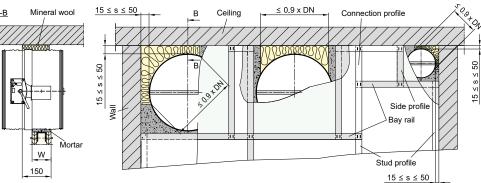


**Distances** 







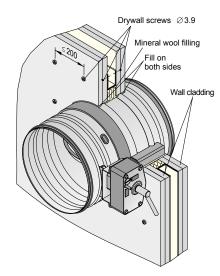


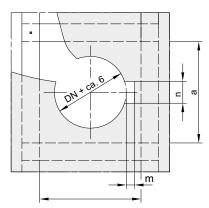
Adhesive ⇒ see page 44

<sup>\*)</sup> the weights should be multiplied by 1.35 for W = 150 mm.



Installation in metal stud walls (3) Installation with mineral wool





#### Installation openings

#### Metal studs

a x b  $\geq$  DN + approx. 60 mm

#### Cladding

The notch m x n is required on the operation side. On the non-operation side it is only needed if the dimension "o" on the non-operation side is greater than the wall thickness (W), minus the thickness of the cladding.

	m	n	0
DN ≤ 315	26	62	107
DN ≥ 355	31	98	116

#### Mineral wool filling

The bulk density of the mineral wool filling around the casing of the FR90 fire damper for a fire resistance period of 90 minutes must be  $\geq$  150 kg/m³; for 60 minutes  $\geq$  100 kg/m³ is sufficient and for 30 minutes  $\geq$  50 kg/m³ is sufficient.

#### Installation with mineral wool

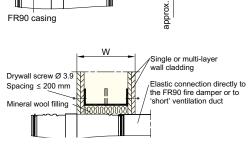
Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The minimum thickness W [mm] shown opposite is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

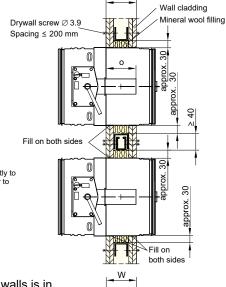
Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 90 <b>120</b>
Walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

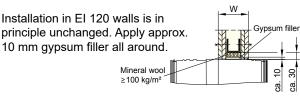
# Connection to rigid walls, ceilings, floors

# FR90 casing



#### Connection within the wall

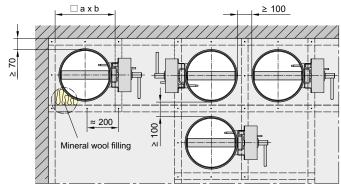




#### Distances between FR90 fire dampers and adjacent walls and ceilings

Example for thicker wall

⇒ see page 14

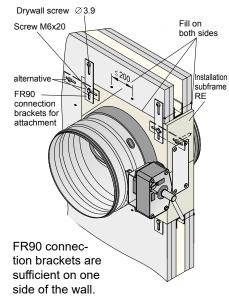


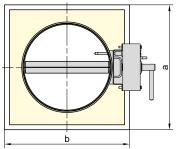
#### Installation recommendation

- Construct metal stud wall with an installation opening and apply cladding on the one side.
- Fill installation opening with mineral wool and apply a second cladding.
- Cut installation opening in claddings and mineral wool filling and chamfer them all around.
- Insert and align fire damper.
- Seal remaining joints with gypsum filler or equivalent.



Installation in metal stud walls (4a) Installation with installation subframe

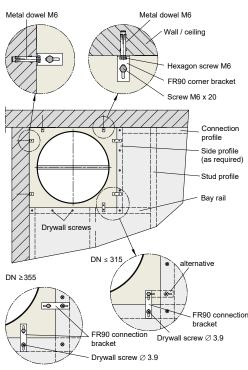




#### Installation opening

• DN  $\leq$  315: a x b = DN + 91<sup>+3</sup> mm

• DN ≥ 355: a x b = DN +101<sup>+3</sup> mm



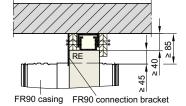
#### Installation with rectangular installation subframe RE

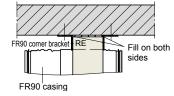
Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The minimum thicknesses W [mm] shown opposite are required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes		30 <b>60</b>	30 60 <b>90</b>
Walls with cladding	≥ 1-layer cladding	70	-
on both sides	≥ 2-layer cladding	•	95

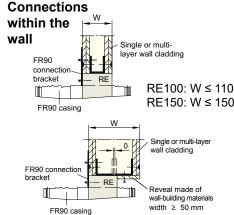
Connections to rigid walls, ceilings, floors



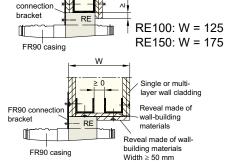


Single or multi-

layer wall cladding

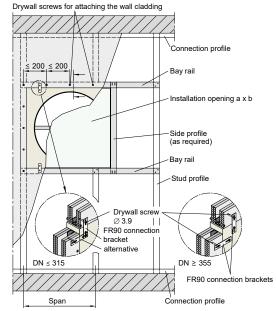




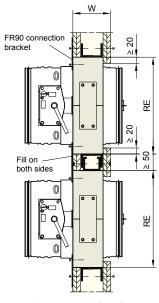


RE100: W ≥ 150 RE150: W ≥ 200

FR90



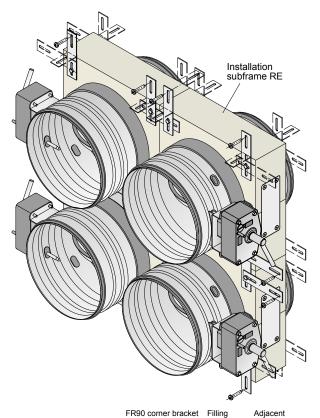
All dimensions in mm

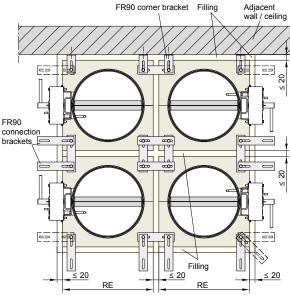


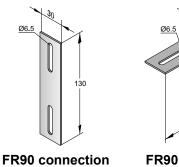
≥ 50 mm spacing is required between the frames of the FR90 fire dampers.

Fire walls and safety partition walls ⇒ see page 35

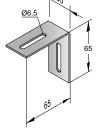
Installation in metal stud walls (4b) Multiple installation







bracket



FR90 corner bracket

#### Multiple installation with rectangular installation subframe RE

Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The following **minimum thickness W [mm]** shown is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

**Up to 4 of the same nominal sizes** may be **installed** sideby-side, above each other or in a combined manner.

They should be connected together using FR90 connection brackets and screws M6  $\times$  20. They should be screwed on both sides of the installation subframe into the factory-produced threaded sockets provided.

Reveals of the installation subframe must be **filled** with **gypsum filler** or non-combustible **adhesive**; **mineral wool** is possible! ⇒ see page 16

Accordingly, there are **spacings of**  $\leq$  **2 mm or**  $\leq$  **20 mm** between the installation subframes.

Installation with circumferential metal profiles ⇒ see page 20
 Weight limit ≤ 90 kg

Installation possible together:

Pc:	2	3	4
RE100	≤ DN 800	≤ DN 560	≤ DN 450
RE150	≤ DN 630	≤ DN 500	≤ DN 400

Installation without circumferential metal profiles
 ⇒ see page 22

Weight limit ≤ 50 kg

Installation possible together:

Pc:	2	3	4
RE100	≤ DN 500	≤ DN 355	≤ DN 315
RE150	≤ DN 400	≤ DN 315	≤ DN 280

FR90 connection brackets are used for fastening in metal stud walls, and FR90 corner brackets are used for fastening to adjoining rigid walls and ceilings. Factory-produced threaded sockets in the installation subframes are provided for the M6 x 20 screws.

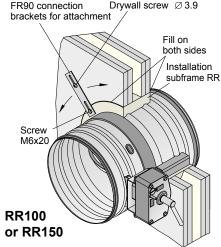
Assembled multiple fire dampers should be installed in the same way as a single fire damper. This and the other fastening is given under the wall type, as well as the sealing of the reveal. ⇒ see page 20

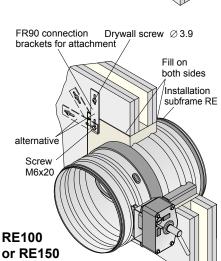
Installation subframes RE can be installed immediately next to each other. Other installation spacings depend on the thickness of the filling used.

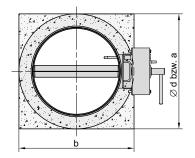
Adhesive ⇒ see page 44



Installation in metal stud walls (5) Installation with installation subframe without all-round profiles







#### Installation opening

• DN ≤ 315:  $\emptyset$  d = DN + 101<sup>+3</sup> mm a x b = DN + 91<sup>+3</sup> mm

• DN  $\geq$  355: a x b = DN + 101\*3 mm

# Installation with circular installation subframes RR (DN $\leq$ 315 mm) and with rectangular installation subframes RE. No profiles are required circumferentially in the wall.

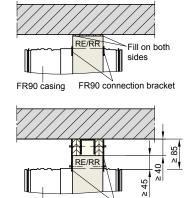
Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The minimum thickness W [mm] shown opposite is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

FR90 casing

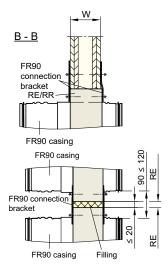
Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

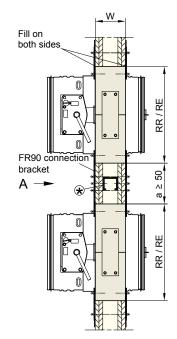
# Connections to rigid walls, ceilings, floors

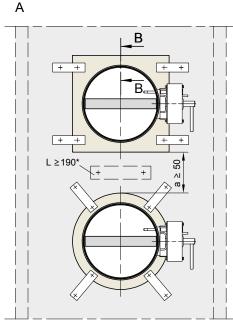


FR90 connection bracket

#### Connections within the wall







#### Installation

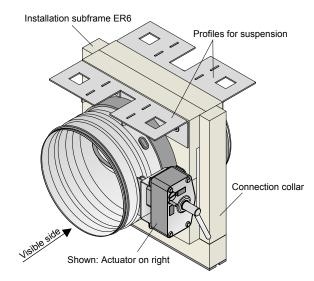
- The thickness of the installation subframes RR or RE (100 or 150 mm) should always be chosen equal to or larger than the wall thickness!
- An installation opening should

be cut through the clad wall.

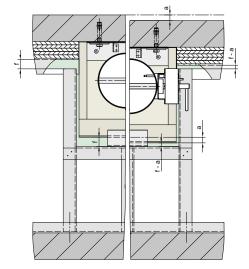
- The damper should be inserted and fastened with FR90 connection brackets on both sides.
- Remaining joints should be sealed on both sides with gypsum filler as usual for this type of wall.
- (\*) Spacings a = 50 mm to 100 mm between installation subframes RR and RE require a ≥ 190 mm long stud profile in the wall for stiffening. It is inserted via the installation openings into the wall cavity and fastened to the claddings with two drywall screws.



Installation in metal stud walls (6a) Sliding ceiling connection



#### FR90 fire damper with installation subframe ER6



#### Function and installation principle

The half-sections show the installed state on the left, and a state lowered by a dimension  $a \le f \le 40$  mm on the right.

# Installation with ER6 installation frame for sliding ceiling connection.

Types of metal stud walls with cladding on both sides ⇒ see pages 16 and 17

The following **minimum thickness W [mm]** shown is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

• Sliding ceiling connections are required where a ceiling drop of  $f \ge 10$  mm is expected.

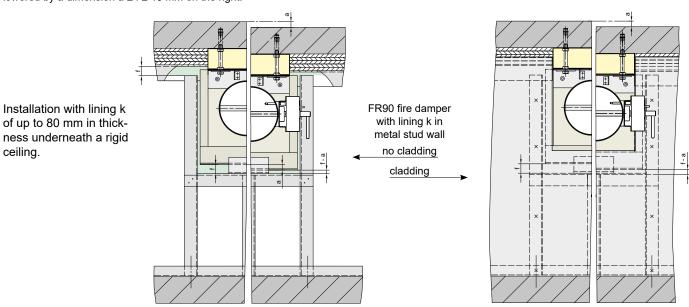
The designs of the expansion joints are described in DIN 4102-4 for a drop of  $f \leq 20$  mm. Designs for  $f \leq 40$  mm, for instance, include general building authority test certificates (AbP). Conventional installation of fire dampers is only possible in a wall area that is far below the ceiling connections of up to 200 mm in height.

- FR90 fire dampers with installation subframes ER6, on the other hand, can be fitted directly below rigid ceilings, or with a clearance of 30 mm to 80 mm. They guide the sliding ceiling connection around the FR90 fire damper. This is fastened in such a way that it lowers together with the ceiling and the ventilation ducts. As shear forces can also be absorbed, the ventilation ducts do not have to be flexibly connected with the elastic supports.
- Order information:

"Actuator on left", "Actuator on right" (shown), "Actuator below"

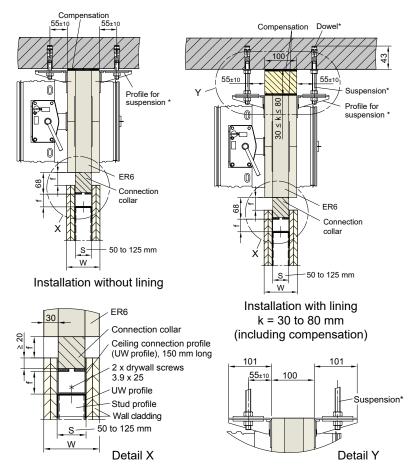
Stud profile depths S = 50, 60, 75, 85, 100, 125 mm

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 7, 8, 24 and 25





Installation in metal stud walls (6b) Sliding ceiling connection



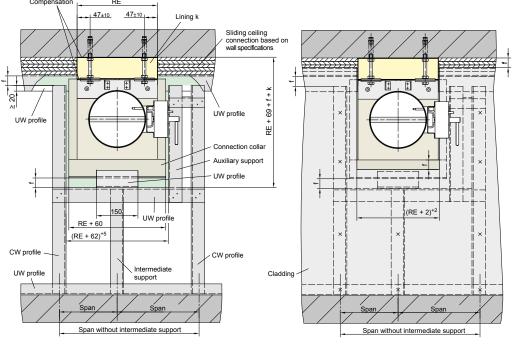
\*) Supplied together with installation subframe ER6. The installation instructions for the plugs must be observed! The Zykon drills with drivein mandrels needed for installation can be supplied as optional items.

#### Installation

- Installation subframes ER6 must fit the stud profile depth "S" of the metal studs.
- Installation subframes ER6 can be installed directly below rigid ceilings or with a space of 30 to 80 mm. The space must be sealed with a lining k attached to the ceiling and made from 100 mm wide strips of calcium silicate board with a bulk density of ≥ 500 kg/m³.
- · The surfaces of the ceilings must be smooth and even! If required, levelling work should also be performed (plastering, smoothing etc.). Gaps and joints between the installation subframe ER6, the lining k and the ceiling must be levelled out and sealed in a manner appropriate to the wall in question. Any gaps remaining in the reveal between the connection collar and ceiling connection profiles must be sealed; either using strips made of wallboard and/ or gypsum filler or with mineral wool strips (melting point ≥ 1000°C and ≥ 80 kg/m³ bulk density) and non-combustible adhesive.
- Fire dampers with installation subframes ER6 should be screwed onto the rigid ceiling using the M12 suspension components provided, and should then be aligned.
- The metal studs can then be positioned, whereby intermediate supports and lateral auxiliary supports must be fitted underneath the FR90 fire dampers if required due to the spans.

There must also be clearances for incorporating the planned ceiling drop below the attached FR90 fire dampers in the area of the CW profiles, any CW intermediate supports, UW profiles and claddings.

Wall claddings must be attached according to general building authority test certificates and technical standards.



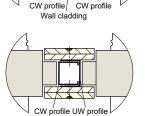
Installation and arrangement of the metal studs

two fire dampers next to each other

Examples for installation of

- one installation opening is required for each fire damper.
- The respective profiles can be interleaved.

ER6



Cladded wall



These views relate to the back of the wall or the non-operation side of the FR90 fire damper!

Installation in metal stud walls (6c) Sliding ceiling connection

Drywall screws

UW profile

Stud profile II

Stud profile I

Wall cladding II

SIorSII

spacing if present

shown without

Section B - B

Ceiling connection

profile (UW profile)

Wall cladding I

50 to 125 mm

Sliding joint for

Drywall screws

(≤ 200 mm spacing)

connection

collar ER6

ŞI

Reveal

Wall cladding

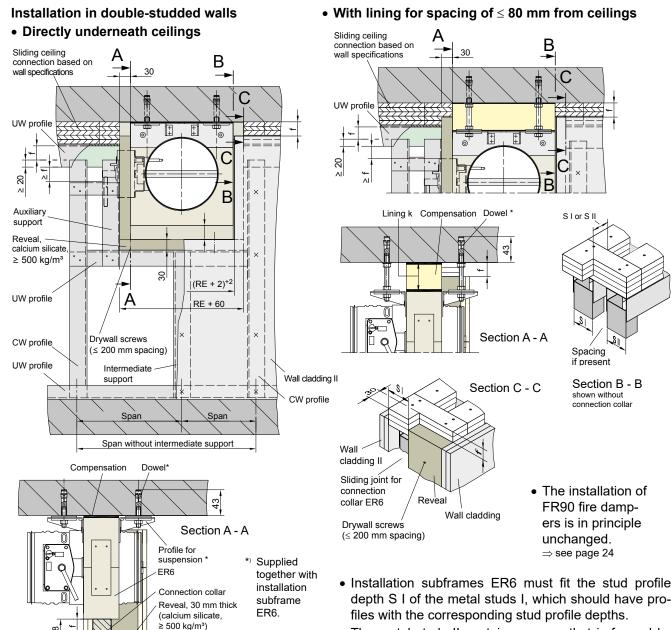
Section C - C

ŞIJ

Spacing if present

150 mm long

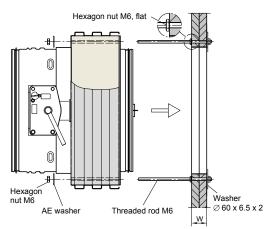
Wall cladding II (≤ 200 mm spacing)



- depth S I of the metal studs I, which should have pro-
- The metal studs II contain a recess that is framed by the wall profiles. Accordingly, the strips of wall cladding material (e.g. plasterboard) attached to the ceiling are severed and sealed at the front (section C - C).
- The profiles surrounding the recess on the metal studs II are given a reveal made from 30 mm thick calcium silicate board. These are held up to the ceiling up leaving a gap f for the drop (section B - B) and are attached to the metal stud profiles using drywall screws at spacings of ≤ 200 mm.
- If the metal studs have claddings on both sides, then the sliding joint for the connection collar of the installation subframe ER6 will lie between cladding I and the reveal adjoining cladding II (section B - B).
- Joints should be filled as usual for this type of wall.



Mounting on shaft walls with and without metal studs (1)



#### Mounting with mounting frame AE

Types of walls ⇒ see page 16

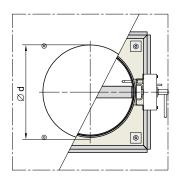
The minimum thickness-es W [mm] shown opposite are required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes		
Shaft walls made of	with metal studs	90
wall boards, at least 2-layer	without metal studs	40

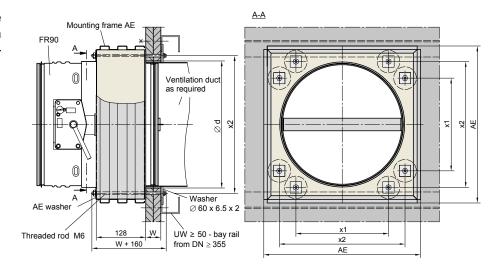
**Mounting frames AE** must be attached with threaded rods which pass through the wall, and washers and nuts on both ends.

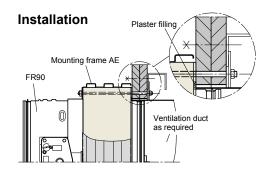
Factory-produced holes in the mounting frames AE indicate the number of the fastenings.

DN	рс	рс
[mm]	per corner	in total
≤ 315	1	4
$\geq$ 355	2	8



Installation opening Ød = DN + 6 to 8 mm



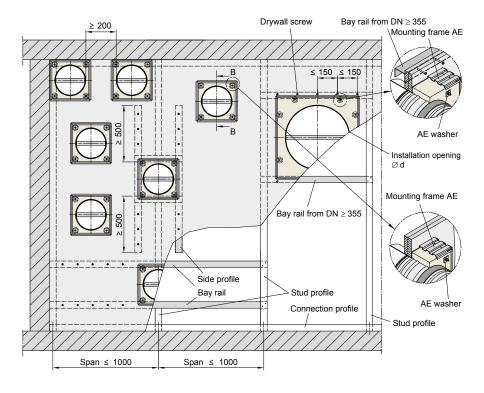


The **spacing** between two FR90 fire dampers must be  $\geq$  200 mm. No spacing is required with respect to adjacent walls or ceilings.

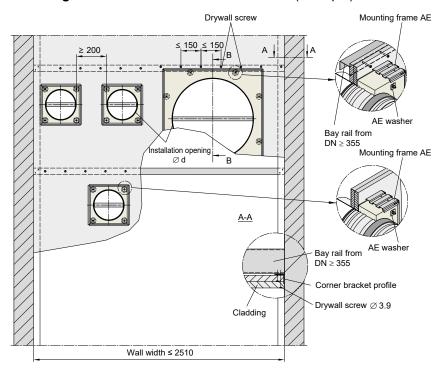


Mounting on shaft walls with and without metal studs (2)

#### Mounting on shaft walls with metal studs (example)



#### Mounting on shaft walls without metal studs (example)



If the spans of the studding are smaller than the installation opening, they require bay rails and lateral profiles with a 500 mm excess length. If smaller dimensions are available, then the side profiles should be butted up against the connection profiles and secured as usual for this type of wall. Stud profiles (supports) can replace side profiles.

For installation openings with dimensions within the span of the studding, the bay rails should be connected to the stud profiles as usual for this type of wall.

Bay rails made from UW profiles with stud profile depth of  $\geq 50$  mm are required for installing FR90 fire dampers of sizes DN  $\geq 355$ . They should be installed in such a way that the washers Ø 60 mm grip over the UW profiles and clamp them. These bay rails should be screwed to the wall cladding with spacing of  $\leq 150$  mm.

Walls without studding laterally adjoin rigid walls and ceilings. The two-layer wall material, which can be free-span, is fastened to these with connection profiles (angle profiles). There may also be bay rails.

Bay rails made from UW profiles with stud profile depth of  $\geq 50$  mm are required for installing FR90 fire dampers of sizes DN  $\geq 355$ . They should be installed in such a way that the washers  $\emptyset$  60 mm grip over the UW profiles and clamp them. These bay rails should be screwed to the wall cladding with spacing of  $\leq 150$  mm.

Connection profiles on walls, ceilings and floors must not be cut or severed.



Installation in wooden walls and ceilings (1) General information

#### Walls and ceilings in timber construction

- Solid timber construction is a type of construction which generally makes use of large-format, solid wall and ceiling elements made from wood, usually cross-laminated timber. The laminated layers can be glued and connected with wooden dowels or wire nails. Claddings with gypsum boards are possible.
- Timber frame construction is a construction method with wooden studs and crossbeams in walls or with wooden beams in ceilings. Claddings are generally implemented using gypsum boards, reinforcements with wooden material boards. Spaces can be filled with insulating materials.

The walls and ceilings are manufactured in accordance with the technical approvals and the European Technical Assessments (ETA) or in accordance with general building control approvals (AbZ) and test certificates (AbP).

For claddings, DF gypsum boards according to EN 520 or gypsum board fire safety panels are generally used.

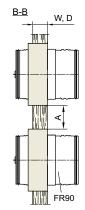
The installation of fire dampers for ventilation ducts requires fire classification together with the timber frame construction walls and ceilings. The respective test certificates, declarations of performance and CE markings are available for FR90 fire dampers, series FR92.

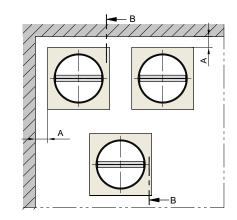
Dry installation with installation subframes and wet installation with mortar are possible. This way, the reveals of the installation openings are protected from increased combustion. Additional reveals in walls and ceilings are possible, but are only required for FR90 fire dampers for specific requirements (e.g. in double-stud walls).

The fire resistance period of the fire dampers is up to 120 minutes; it is reduced to the fire resistance period of the wall or ceiling if one is lower. The following table specifies the minimum dimensions:

Type of	Building material of the wall/ceiling	Cladding of the wall/ceiling	Minimum thickness of the (clad) wall/ceiling	Minimum dimension Wooden studs Width x depth	Fire resistance period of the wall/ceiling/fire damper in minutes
Wall	Solid boards made of cross-laminated timber ≥ 350 kg/m³	without	95 mm	-	30/60
		on both sides with 1 x 15 mm gypsum boards	124 mm	-	30/60/90
Ceiling	3	without	145 mm	-	30/60/90
Wall	Wooden stud framework/wooden beam framework with insulation	on both sides with 1 x 12.5 mm gypsum boards	85 mm	40 mm x 60 mm	30/60
		on both sides with 2 x 12.5 mm gypsum boards	110 mm	60 mm x 60 mm	30/60/90/120
Ceiling	material fillings	on the underside with 2 x 12.5 mm gypsum boards	100 mm	60 mm x 60 mm	30/60/90

- Gaps "A" between the FR90 fire dampers and adjacent walls and ceilings are only necessary in case of specific requirements, for example, to install fastenings.
- Measures must be taken on site to make sure that the walls and ceilings meet the structural requirements and fire safety requirements. Installation openings must be arranged accordingly.



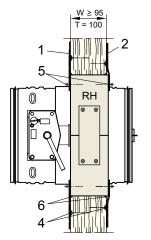




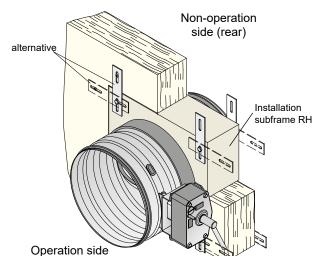
Installation in solid timber frame construction walls and ceilings (2a)

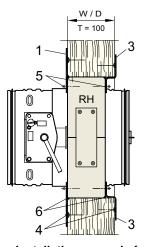
#### Installation with rectangular installation subframe RH

#### Walls and ceilings without cladding

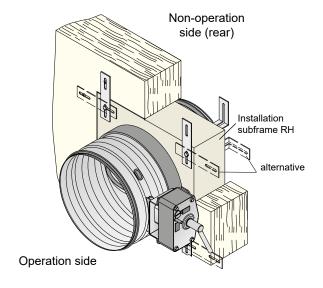


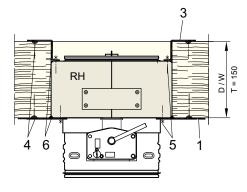
Installation example for W  $\geq$  95 mm W = 95 mm is shown Frame depth T = 100 mm





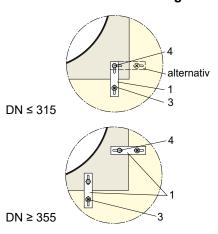
Installation example for walls and ceilings with W/D ≥ 100 mm W = 145 mm is shown Frame depth T = 100 mm





Installation example in wooden ceilings D = 200 mm, frame depth D = 150 mm and actuator underneath the ceiling is shown.

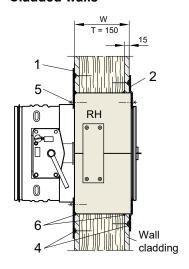
# Fastening with FR90 brackets in wooden walls and ceilings

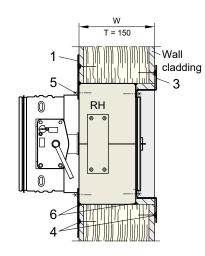




Installation in solid timber frame construction walls and ceilings (2b)

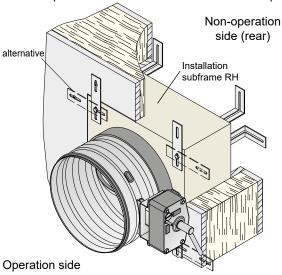
#### Installation with rectangular installation subframe RH Cladded walls





Installation example for W = 145 mm Frame depth T = 150 mm

for W = 200 mm



## Installation example Frame depth T = 150 mm

FR90 fire dampers, series FR92, are suitable for dry installation in solid timber walls and timber ceilings.

The fastenings on both sides of the wall or ceiling are implemented using special brackets and hexagon screws (5) in factory-installed threaded sockets M6.

FR90 brackets (1) have to be used on the operation side. They are required on the non-operation side if the thickness of the wall or ceiling matches the frame depth 100 mm or 150 mm.

RH brackets (2) must be used on the non-operation side for walls or frames which protrude up to around 5 mm; for example with 100 mm deep frames and a wall thickness of 95 mm.

Pre-shaped RH corner brackets (3) must not be used on the non-operation side for 100 mm deep frames in walls or ceilings with a thickness of ≥ 105 mm, or 150 mm deep frames in walls or ceilings with a thickness of ≥ 155 mm.

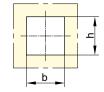
RH corner brackets (3) can be adapted to the thicknesses of the walls or ceilings and possible claddings in the reveal on site. The necessary bending of the corner brackets and brackets requires a little specialist knowledge.

Remaining joint gaps between the frame and wall or ceiling must be sealed to a depth of around 10 mm with fireproof sealant (6).

Claddings for the wooden walls and wooden ceilings must be fastened correctly. They are normally implemented with spacing of ≤ 250 mm with drywall screws, ≥ 35 mm in length, with a diameter of ≥ 3.5 mm.

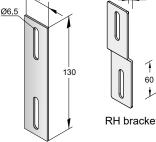
#### Installation openings for installation subframe RH

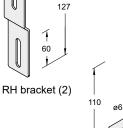
 $DN \le 315$ : b x h =  $DN + 93^{+2}$  mm  $DN \ge 355$ : b x h = DN +  $103^{+2}$  mm



#### Parts list on pages 29 to 32

- 1 FR90 bracket for operation and non-operation side \*)
- 2 RH bracket for the non-operation side \*)
- 3 RH corner bracket for the non-operation side \*)
- 4 Drywall screw 3.9 x 55 DIN 18182-2 \*)
- 5 Hexagon screw M6 x 20 DIN 933 \*)
- 6 Promaseal® Mastic Brandschutzkitt (fireproof sealant) \*\*)
- 7 Insulating material (specific to wall/ceiling)





FR90 bracket (1)

8 Wooden material board density ≥ 600 kg/m³ or equivalent, specific to wall or ceiling

- Items 1 to 5 are included as an accessory kit with the scope of delivery of the fire damper with installation subframe RH; it may therefore be surplus, depending on the fastening material installation situation.
- \*\*) Item 6 is not included in the scope of delivery and must be ordered separately as required! ⇒ see page 45

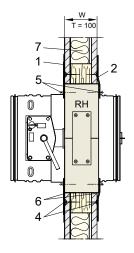
All dimensions in mm

RH corner bracket (3)



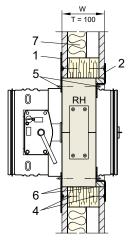
Installation in timber frame construction walls and ceilings (3a)

#### Installation with rectangular installation subframe RH



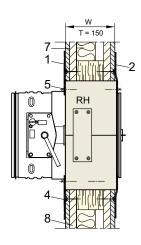
### Installation example

for W = 95 mm Frame depth D = 100 mm



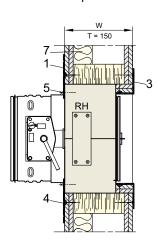
Installation example

for W = 145 mm Frame depth D = 100 mm



#### Installation example

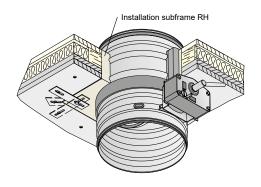
for W = 145 mm Frame depth D = 150 mm

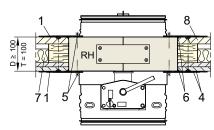


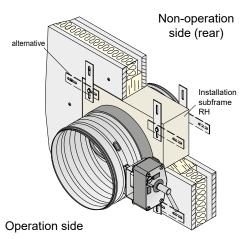
Installation example

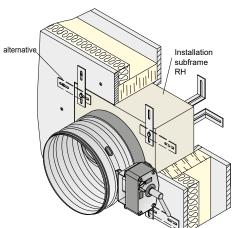
for W = 200 mm Frame depth D = 150 mm

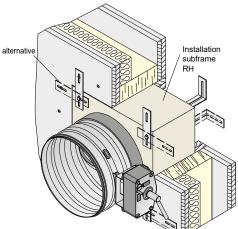
Optionally, the reveals can be lined with wall building materials.









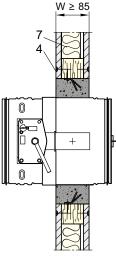


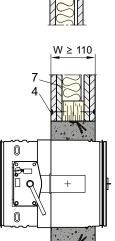
Installation example in wooden ceilings with  $D \ge 100 \text{ mm}$ 

D = 100 mm, frame depth D = 100 mm and actuator underneath the ceiling is shown.

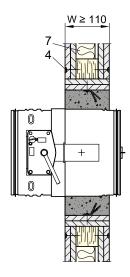
Installation in timber frame construction walls and ceilings (3b)

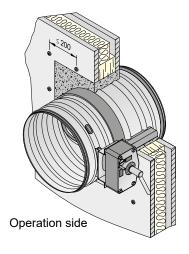
#### Installation with mortar in walls

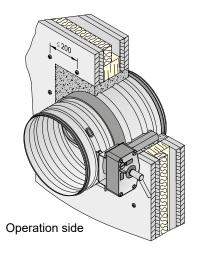




Installation examples

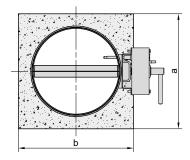






- Fillings or gaps must be implemented with mortar of group II or III according to DIN 1053 or classes M2.5, M5, M10 or M20 according to EN 998-2, or with the corresponding fire protection mortar or gypsum mortar.
- Mortar fillings require a bond with the wooden profiles, e.g. using mortar anchors.
- Walls with a double-studded structure with a gap require reveals made from wall building materials.

Larger wall thicknesses reduce the required depth of mortaring to 100 to 120 mm, thereby also bringing about reductions in weight.

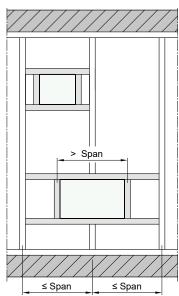


Installation opening for mortar installation

b x h or  $\emptyset$ d  $\geq$  DN + approx. 60 mm

#### Details on timber frame construction for walls and ceilings

- Stud spacing in walls or beam spacing in ceilings ≤ 625 mm (span)
- Minimum dimensions for studs and beams:
   ⇒ see table on page 28
- Installation of fire dampers with installation subframe RH ⇒ see pages 29 to 31
- Installation openings are required with all-round frame made of wooden building materials.
- Installation openings can additionally be provided with reveals made of wall building materials, e.g. if the classification of the wall requires it, or if the installation opening is to be reduced in size subsequently. A suitable bond with the frame must be provided to prevent the reveal from pushing out.
- Walls can be constructed with single-studded or double-studded framework.
- Further details: ⇒ see page 28

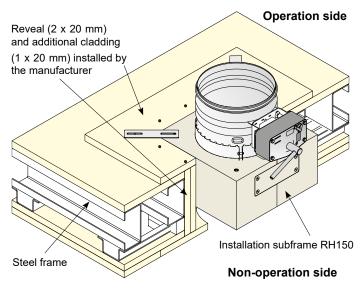




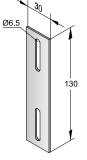
Installation in ceilings with steel frames (1)

#### Installation in ceiling and roof constructions

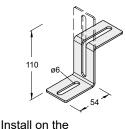
- · Manufacturer:
  - KLEUSBERG GmbH & Co. KG. DE-06184 Kabelsketal-Dölbau.
- Classification report: KB 3.2/17-006-2



FR90 bracket (1)



RH corner bracket (2)



non-operation side

Install on the operation side

#### Parts list on pages 33 and 34

- 1 FR90 bracket for the operation side \*)
- 2 RH corner bracket for the non-operation side \*)
- 3 Drywall screw Ø 3.9 x 55 DIN 18182-2 \*)
- 4 Hexagon screw M6 x 20 DIN 933 \*)
- 5 Tapping screw  $\emptyset \ge 3.9 \times 25$  with washers or equivalent made of steel
- 6 Insulating material for roof constructions
- 7 Promaseal® Mastic Brandschutzkitt (fireproof sealant) \*\*)
- <sup>\*)</sup> The items 1 to 4 are included as an accessory kit with the scope of delivery of the FR90 fire dampers with installation subframe RH150; they may therefore be surplus, depending on the installation of fastening material.
- ") Item 7 must be ordered separately as required!

The modular system from KLEUSBERG is made up of steel frames with cladding and is installed as a building.

FR90 fire dampers with installation subframe RH150 can be installed. They are inserted into installation openings which are clad all round with reveals made of fire protection boards, and fastened with FR90 brackets (1) and RH corner brackets (2).

The operation side of the fire dampers can be arranged above or below the ceilings.

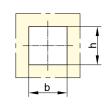
The following minimum thickness D [mm] is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Ceiling and roof construction	222

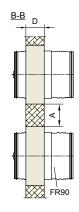
#### Installation openings for installation subframe RH150

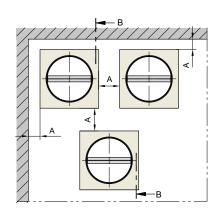
 $DN \le 315$ : b x h = (DN +  $91^{+4}$  mm)

DN > 315: b x h = (DN +  $101^{+4}$  mm)



#### Installation gaps



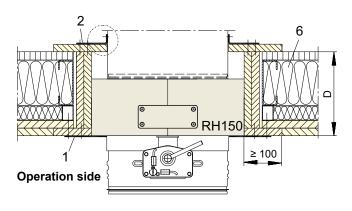


- Installation gaps "A" between the FR90 and adjacent walls and ceilings are only necessary in case of specific requirement, for example, to install reveals and fastenings.
- · Measures must be taken on site to make sure that the ceilings meet the structural requirements and fire safety requirements. Installation openings must be arranged accordingly.

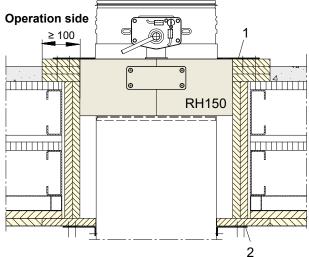


Installation in ceilings with steel frames (2)

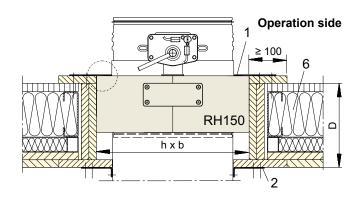
#### Installation in roof constructions



#### Installation in ceiling constructions



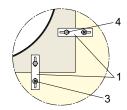
The underside of a ceiling with a floor above it and a formwork aid made of fire protection boards for screed installation is shown.



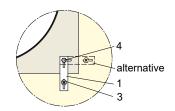
#### Installation notes

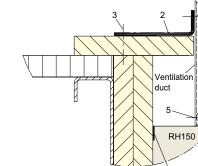
- The ceiling and roof constructions must be fastened on both sides.
- Joints between installation subframes RH150 and reveals in ceiling and roof constructions must be sealed on both sides with fireproof sealant (item 7) to a depth of around 10 mm.
- Alternatively, fireproof sealant (item 7) can be applied to the installation subframe RH150 for the fire damper all round before insertion into the installation opening.
- The excess lengths for mechanical and electrical components must be observed.
- Fire dampers installed in or on roof constructions require weather protection which also ensures accessibility.

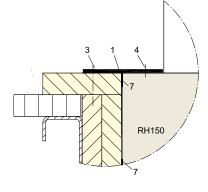
**FR90 brackets** and **RH corner brackets** are screwed to the installation subframes RH150 with the specified number of hexagon screws (item 4):  $DN \le 315$ : 4 pc, DN > 315: 8 pc.



FR90







Example for installation openings in wooden stud framework

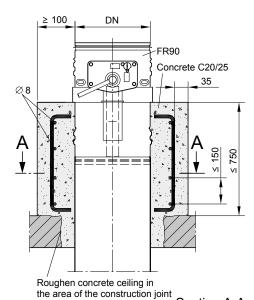
The ceiling claddings are fastened with drywall screws (item 3). On the flange of the fire damper casing or on the ventilation ducts, this is performed with tapping screws (item 5).

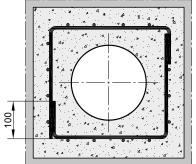
**Installation example** with additional reveal made of wall building materials



Base installation on rigid ceilings/metal stud walls as fire walls

# Installation remote from and on rigid ceilings in ventilation ducts made of concrete



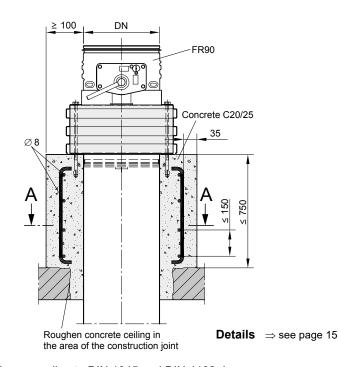


**Details** ⇒ see page 12

The following **minimum thickness D [mm]** is required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Solid concrete ceilings	100

# Mounting on ventilation ducts made from concrete with mounting frame AE



Production according to general construction rules. Dimensioning according to DIN 1045 and DIN 4102-4.

• Cover made of concrete C 20/25, ≥ 100 mm thick, ≤ 750 mm high.

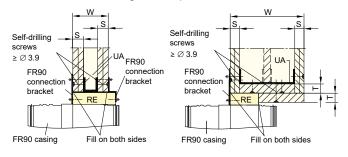
Section A-A

- Reinforcement made of reinforcing steel Ø ≥ 8 mm. Vertical spacing ≤ 150 mm, sealed all round horizontally ≤ 150 mm.
   Alternative: welded steel wire mesh Q 335 A
- Reinforcing steel overlap C<sub>nom</sub> ≥ 35 mm for environments with up to moderate humidity (exposure class XC3).
- To bond the concrete, it is generally necessary to roughen the concrete ceiling and, where applicable, the reveal.

# Installation with installation subframe RE in metal stud walls as fire walls or safety partition walls with cladding on both sides $\Rightarrow$ see pages 16, 17, 20

The walls should be classified as EI 60-M or higher according to DIN EN 13501-2, or be designed in accordance with a general building authority test certificate (AbP). Claddings must be applied on both sides with at least 2 layers, and may contain sheet steel inserts. The following are required:

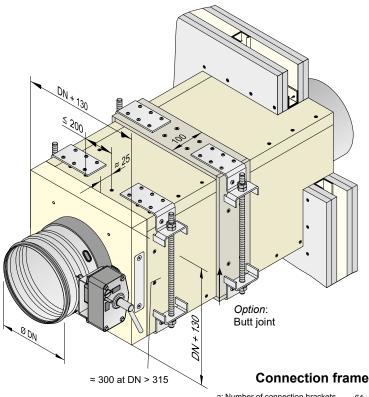
- W ≥ 100 mm wall thickness
- Wall height ≤ 5000 mm.
- The studs, bay rails and reinforcements adjacent to the FR90 fire dampers must be produced from UA profiles.



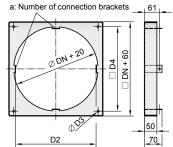
## Wall connections Reveals with

 $T \ge 20$  mm thick calcium silicate boards or with  $T \ge S$  thick boards made from wall cladding materials!

Installation remote from (1) rigid walls and ceilings and metal stud walls



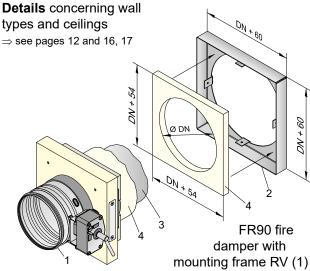
DN	100	160	355
	to	to	to
	140	315	800
D2	DN + 6	DN + 4	DN + 6
$\varnothing$ D3	9	9	13
□ D4	DN + 20	DN + 20	DN - 20
а	4	4	8
	ļ		



Installation with mounting frame RV on ventilation ducts with a fire resistance period remote from rigid walls and ceilings and metal stud walls.

The following **minimum thicknesses W, D [mm]** are required for installing the FR90 fire dampers:

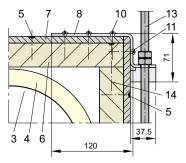
Fire resistance period in minutes	30 60 <b>90</b>
Rigid walls and ceilings	100
Metal stud walls with ≥ 2-layer cladding on both sides	95

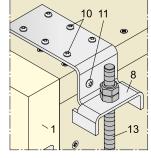


and connection frame (2) on ventilation duct (3) lagged with mineral wool (4).

Shown without claddings or suspension.

#### Suspension





**Permissible weights** for 90-minute fire resistance periods for suspensions comprising **steel threaded rods** 

	-			
Size	A <sub>s</sub>	Weight G [kg]		
	[mm²]	For 1 unit	For 1 pair	E
M8	36.6	22	44	ه tensile stress cross-section according to DIN 13
M10	58.0	35	70	SS-S
M12	84.3	52	104	0.00
M14	115	70	140	rress DII
M16	157	96	192	le si ng to
M18	192	117	234	ensi ordi
M20	245	150	300	A <sub>s</sub> t

FR90 fire dampers installed remote from walls are generally suspended using steel threaded rods arranged in pairs. These should be attached to ceilings according to the fire resistance period. Threaded rods that end above the ceilings can be secured there with nuts and washers made of steel. If plugs are used for fastening to ceilings, follow the manufacturer's specifications. End plates can

be used to distribute the load acting on the threaded rod across multiple fastenings.

Threaded rods of up to 1.50 m in length can be left unclad. Cladding is required for longer threaded rods (e.g. according to Promat® worksheet 478).

With FR90 fire dampers installed remote from ceilings, the weight forces are transferred into the ceiling via the sheet steel ventilation duct.

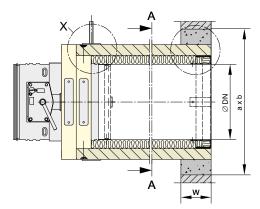
#### Weight [kg] of FR90 fire dampers ⇒ see page 11

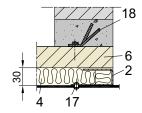
Weights of the suspension, ventilation duct, insulation, cladding, etc. should be factored in.



Installation remote from (2) rigid walls and ceilings

#### Route ventilation duct with cladding through rigid walls



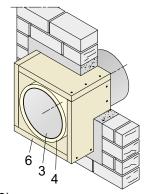


#### Installation opening:

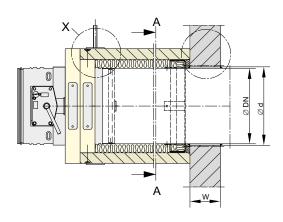
a x b ≈ DN + 135 mm + mortar gaps as required.

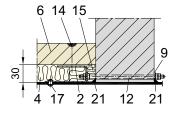
Mortar anchors or suitable concrete screws (18) should be inserted with spacing of  $\leq$  200 mm.

#### View A-A



#### Attach ventilation duct with cladding to rigid walls

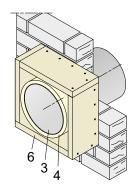




Installation opening: Ø d ≈ DN + 5 mm

Detail X for fastening

View A-A



1 14 10 13 8 17

If the top installation side is inaccessible, the FR90 corner brackets, connection frames and RV frames do not have to be screwed to the cladding on this side.

#### Parts list on pages 36 to 39:

- 1 Fire damper with mounting frame RV.
- 2 Connection frame.
- 3 Ventilation duct made from sheet steel.
- 4 Mineral wool clad, 30 mm, ≥ 40 kg/m³, melting point >1000°C and clad with aluminium foil.
- 5 Drywall screw 3.9 x 35 mm.
- 6 Cladding made from 35 mm thick Promatect® LS fire protection boards. Claddings must be produced according to the Promat® worksheet 478.
- 7 100 mm wide additional cladding made from Promatect® H boards, 10 mm thick. Bond to (6) with Promat® K84 adhesive and screw with (5).

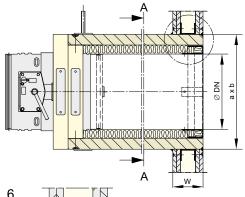
- 8 FR90 / FK90K corner bracket\*)+).
- 9 Washer for RV / L6\*).
- 10 Round head chipboard screw 4 x 45 mm\*).
- 11 Round head chipboard screw 5 x 70 mm\*).
- 12 Threaded rods for fastening with secured nuts\*\*).
  - 4 x M8 with DN  $\leq$  315, otherwise 4 x M12.
- 13 Threaded rods for suspending with secured nuts\*\*).
- 14 Chipboard screws 4 x 60 mm. Pre-drill a Ø 3 mm hole in (2).
- 15 Sealing with mineral wool (4). This should be compressed to around 12 mm.
- 16 Drywall screw 3.9 x 55 mm.
- 17 Circumferentially arranged steel sealed rivets 4.8 mm or

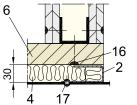
- tapping screws, 4 x if DN  $\leq$  315, otherwise 8 x.
- 18 Mortar anchor or concrete screws.
- 19 Only if DN > 200: Tapping screw ≥ 4.2 mm.
- 20 Calcium silicate boards fastened to ceiling  $\geq$  500 kg/m³.
- 21 Sealings with Promaseal® Mastic Brandschutzkitt (fireproof sealant). ⇒ see page 45
- \*) Supplied together with FR90 fire dampers with mounting frame RV.
- Order additional FR90 / FK90K corner brackets. ⇒ see page 45
- \*\*) or all-steel lock nuts

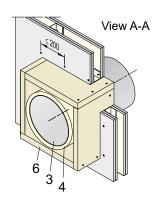
Screws, mortar anchors and rivets should in general be installed at  $\leq$  200 mm centres.

Installation remote from (3) metal stud walls

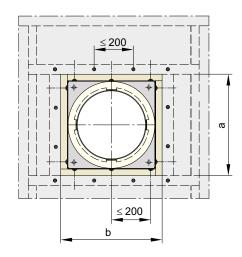
#### Route ventilation duct with cladding through metal stud walls



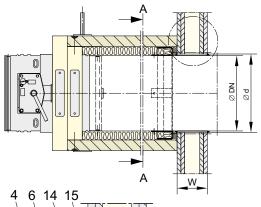


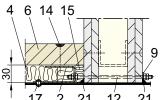


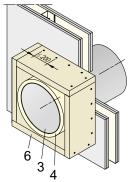
Installation opening  $a \times b \approx DN + 135 mm$ 



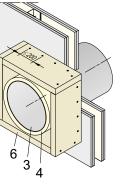
#### Attach ventilation duct with cladding to metal stud walls

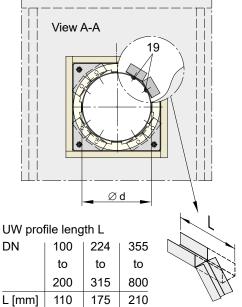






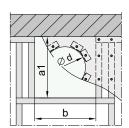
Installation opening:  $\emptyset d \approx DN + 5 mm$ 

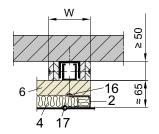


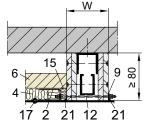


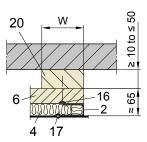
		'	1		
The U	W pro	files sh	ould be	e screw	ed
with ta	appina	screws	s (19) i	fDN > 2	200.

#### Connections to rigid ceilings









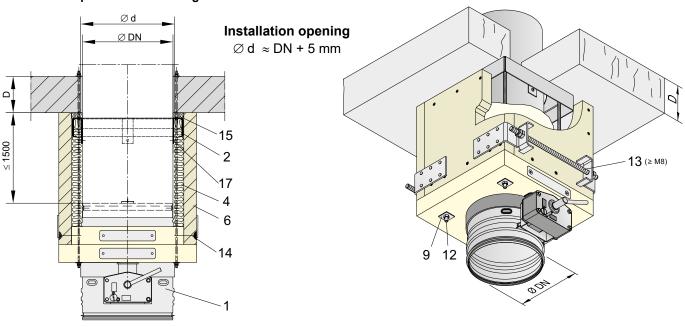
Installation opening: a1 x b ≈ (DN + 135 mm + ceiling spacing) x (DN + 135 mm)  $\emptyset$  d  $\approx$  (DN + 5 mm + ceiling spacing)

Parts list ⇒ see page 37

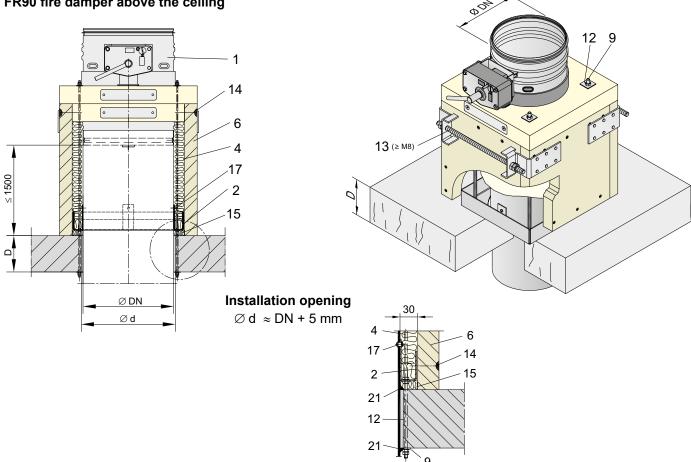


Installation remote from (4) rigid ceilings

#### FR90 fire damper below the ceiling



#### FR90 fire damper above the ceiling



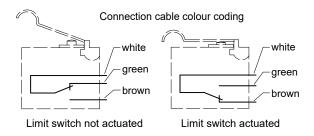
Parts list ⇒ see page 37



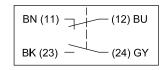
#### Electrical connections

#### Limit switches on thermal-mechanical release mechanisms

The CLOSED limit switches are actuated when the fire damper is closed, and the OPEN limit switches are actuated when the fire damper is open.

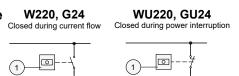


#### E-Ex limit switch



Limit switch not actuated

#### Remote release



Control voltages 230 V AC or 24 V DC

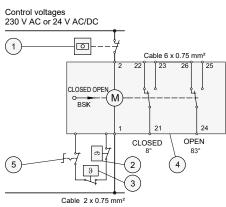
- Thermostats, smoke detectors and switches must only be installed if required.
   On site delivery.
- 2 Thermal-electric release element 70°C or 95°C inside the fire damper casing; EM-1, EM-2 und RM-1 only 70°C!
- 3 Temperature cut-off approx. 70°C outside the fire damper casing.
- 4 Electric actuator with limit switches for OPEN-CLOSED position indicator.

# The illustration shows the de-energised operating position where the fire dampers are closed.

- The switches on the connection cables can be removed if they are not being used.
- Due to their in-built thermal release elements, all actuators must be stored at temperatures not exceeding 50°C!
- 5 Button for function check
- 6 Lifting solenoid
- 7 Magnetic clamp

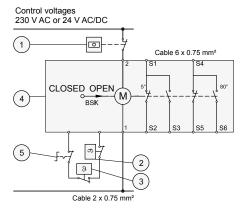
The right to allow for delivery variations from the versions shown remains reserved.

#### Actuators M220-9/H, M24-9/H

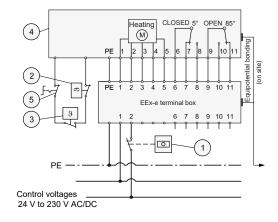


#### Actuators inizzo offi, iniza offi

### Actuators M220-10/F, M24-10/F, M220-11/H, M24-11/H



#### Actuators EM-1, EM-2 and RM-1



Connection box for fire dampers with electric spring return actuators M220-10/F, M24-10/F, M220-9/H, M24-9/H, M220-11/H, M24-11/H

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 45 and 47



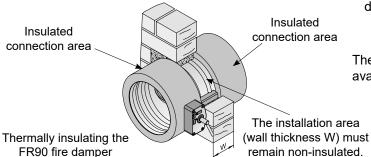
Installation/functional test and servicing/maintenance-free

#### Installation

- FR90 fire dampers must be installed based on the instructions in this user manual.
  - Structural requirements in terms of the walls, ceilings, ventilation ducts etc. must be met on site.
  - The general technical regulations and national statutory regulations must be observed during installation.
  - In Germany, this specifically relates to the "Guideline on fire protection requirements pertaining to ventilation systems" (*Lüftungsanlagenrichtlinie* LüAR).
- FR90 fire dampers may be connected to ventilation ducts made from non-combustible and combustible materials, as well as to flexible connectors.
  - Thermal expansions must not exert significant forces in the event of fire. If required, compensatory measures must be taken for this purpose, for example, suitable line laying or the installation of flexible connectors made from combustible materials or from "Aluflex".
- In Germany, release mechanisms for a nominal temperature of 95°C are permitted for hot air heating and for building areas with sprinkler systems in some cases.

#### • FR90 fire dampers

- Do not need spacing to separate them from combustible materials.
- Are suitable for all installation positions.
- Can be installed with a minimum spacing of 15 mm, also in metal stud walls.
- May be installed in air transfer applications.
  - ⇒ For details, see user manual 5.12 and approvals Z-6.50-2133, Z-19.18-2241
- Electric wiring must be performed on site.
- Potential equalisation conductors to bridge flexible connectors on fire dampers can be fastened with metal screws if they are made of copper and have a cross section of up to 6 mm², or if they are made of aluminium.
- Fire dampers installed in **explosive atmospheres** must be grounded in accordance with the regulations.
- Connection areas of the FR90 fire dampers can be thermally insulated, for example, to protect from condensation in external air inlets. Flame-retardant, closed-cell foam can be used, for example Armaflex. Otherwise laminated mineral wool must be used.



#### Functional testing and servicing

- Fire dampers must be serviced by the owner and tested periodically for correct functioning. The intervals largely depend on the system operation. The relevant regulations should be followed.
- Functional tests are limited to the release and re-opening of the FR90 fire dampers. This can be performed by remote control with an electrical actuator.
- Repairs or service work are required in the event of malfunctions.
  - Original spare parts must be used for this.
- Cleaning work required in ventilation systems for hygiene reasons must be performed in an operation-dependent manner, and also includes the fire dampers.

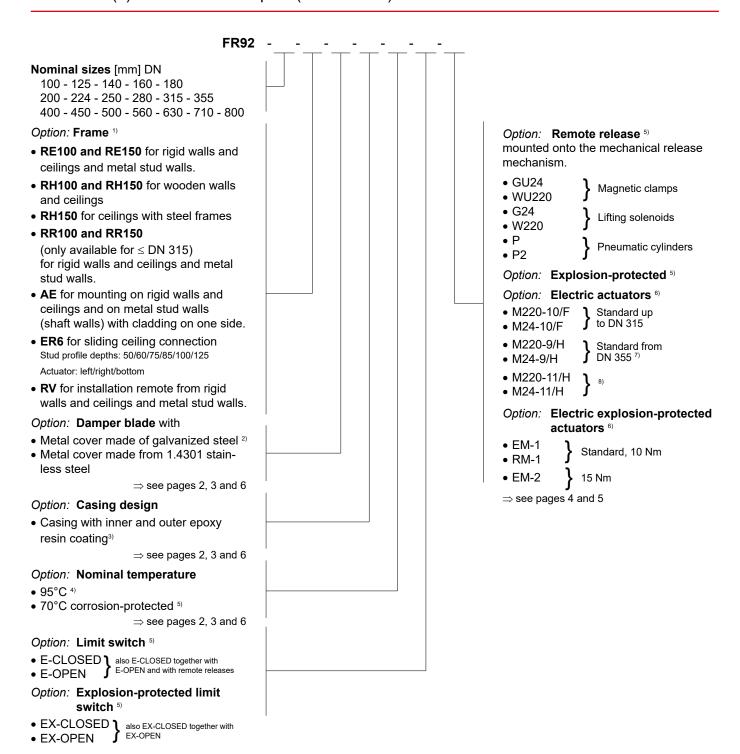
#### Feature: Maintenance-free

- FR90 fire dampers, series FR92, are maintenance-free due to fully enclosed components, corrosion-resistant materials and precise manufacture.
  - The drive mechanism is made of stainless steels and housed in enclosed casings, which means it is not directly in the air stream. The release mechanisms and actuators are also configured accordingly.
  - There is no need for regular cleaning and lubrication, which would otherwise be necessary.
  - Damper blades are break-proof (⇒ see page 9)
  - Sealants and all other materials are designed durably and for a long service life.
- The reliability of the FR90 fire dampers is due to the special drive mechanism with dead-centre positions in the opened and closed positions. This allows the final positions to be closed and locked securely, and displayed reliably.
- This is the only way to carry out remote-controlled functional checks and automation reliably.
- Manual functional checks are limited to the closing and opening of the FR90 fire dampers.
- Two control openings are provided for inspecting the interior of the fire dampers; one above and one below the damper blade. The position and size of these openings are specially adapted to the FR90 fire dampers and are fully adequate.
  - FR90 fire dampers are largely insensitive to dust and dirt.

The **operating instructions** for FR90 fire dampers are available to download online at <u>www.wildeboer.de</u>.



Order data (1) for FR90 fire dampers (series FR92)



- $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$  Scope of delivery and page references  $\,\Rightarrow\,$  see page 43
- <sup>2)</sup> For DN 100; 125; 160; 200; 250; 315; 355; 400.
- For DN 100; 125; 160; 200; 250; 315; 355; 400 in combination with standard damper blade. For all DN in combination with 1.4301 stainless steel damper blade.
- <sup>4)</sup> Not for the actuators EM-1, RM-1, EM-2.
- Only for thermal-mechanical release mechanisms.
- 6) Actuators with thermal-electrical release mechanisms and limit switches.
- 7) Also as a special actuator for smaller sizes.
- 8) Special actuator for all sizes.



Order data (2) for FR90 fire dampers (series FR92)

#### Installation subframe RE

factory-assembled or for retrofitting on site.

Delivery with the required FR90 brackets, FR90 corner brackets and screws M6 x 20 and with drywall screws 3.9 x 55 for screwing the FR90 brackets to metal stud walls.

Screws M6 and metal anchors must be provided by the customer for screwing the FR90 connection brackets and FR90 corner brackets to rigid walls or ceilings.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 8, 13, 14 and 20 to 22

#### Installation subframe RH 100 / RH150

factory-assembled or for retrofitting on site.

Delivery with the required FR90 brackets, RH corner brackets, drywall screws 3.5 x 55, hexagon screws M6 x 20 and with drywall screws 3.9 x 55 mm for screwing the RH brackets to wooden walls and ceilings and ceilings with steel frames (RH150 only).

Promaseal® Mastic Brandschutzkitt (fireproof sealant) must be provided on site.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 8 and 28 to 34

#### Installation subframe RR

factory-assembled or for retrofitting on site. Available in sizes DN 100 to DN 315.

Delivery with the required FR90 brackets, FR90 corner brackets and screws M6 x 20 and with drywall screws 3.9 x 55 for screwing the FR90 brackets to metal stud walls.

Screws M6 and metal anchors must be provided by the customer for screwing the FR90 connection brackets and FR90 corner brackets to rigid walls or ceilings.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 8, 13, 14 and 22

#### Installation subframe AE

factory-assembled or for retrofitting on site.

Supplied with the maximum required washers  $\emptyset$  60 x 6.5 x 2 mm and AE washers.

The customer needs to provide the M6 threaded rods, nuts and washers to screw the mounting frame AE to rigid walls, ceilings or shaft walls.

 $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 8, 15, 26, 27 and 35

#### Installation subframes ER6

are only supplied factory-assembled.

Delivery includes screws and plugs for fastening. ⇒ see pages 3, 7, 8 and 23 to 25

#### Mounting frame RV

factory-assembled or for retrofitting on site.

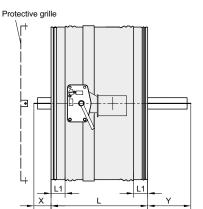
Supplied with FR90 corner bracket, RV washers, chipboard screws and connection frame.

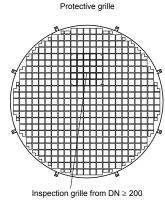
The customer needs to provide threaded rods, nuts and metal anchors.  $\Rightarrow$  see pages 3, 7, 8 and 36 to 39

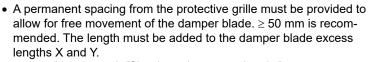


Accessories (1)

**Protective grille** stamped from  $\geq$  1 mm thick galvanized sheet steel, 20 mm mesh size,  $\approx$  70% free cross-section. Available in nominal sizes DN.







⇒ see table on page 9: "Size-dependent excess lengths"

• For L1 ⇒ see table on page 8

**Mineral, sodium-silicate-based adhesive** for bonding and joining installation subframes and mounting frames and for mineral insulating materials. Non-combustible, building material class A1 DIN 4102.

DN > 315: 220

Pack: 2 x 300 g bags

Adhesive for on-site mounting of separately ordered installation subframes RR100, RR150, RE100, RE150, RH100, RH150, mounting frames AE and mounting frames RV on FR90 fire dampers is included.

If adhesive is ordered in addition, approximately the following quantity is required:

Adhesive for filling installation subframes on site and for adhesive bonding of surfaces should always be ordered separately!

• Quantities for filling installation subframe RE on both sides:

 DN
 100
 125
 140
 160
 180
 200
 224
 250
 280
 315
 355
 400
 450
 500
 560
 630
 710
 800

 [g]
 150
 170
 185
 200
 215
 230
 250
 270
 300
 325
 365
 400
 440
 480
 530
 585
 650
 720

 ⇒ see pages 13, 14, 16, 20 to 22

• Quantities for filling installation subframe RR on both sides:

 DN | 100 125 140 160 180 200 224 250 280 315

 [g] | 125 140 150 160 175 190 205 220 240 260

 ⇒ see pages 13, 14, 22

• Quantity for **adhesive bonding of surfaces** between assembled installation subframes RE: approx. 1 kg/m² of the area to be bonded.

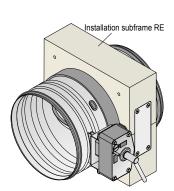
**Flexible connectors** made from PVC-coated polyester fabric, cadmium-free, 100 mm expansion compensation. With hygiene certificate. Building material class B1 DIN 4102.

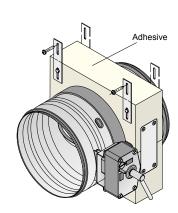
Temperature-resistant: -20°C to +70°C.
Delivery includes 2 pipe

clamps.

Available in nominal sizes DN.

 The connecting pieces can be installed stretched and directly to the FR90 fire damper. Otherwise, the free movement of the damper blade has to be established by lengthening with ventilation duct parts on site.







Accessories (2)

#### Promaseal® Mastic Brandschutzkitt (fireproof sealant)

The following approximate quantities are required for sealing mounting frames RV on both sides:

 DN
 100
 125
 140
 160
 180
 200
 224
 250
 280
 315
 355
 400
 450
 500
 560
 630
 710
 800

 [ml]
 16
 20
 23
 26
 29
 32
 36
 40
 45
 50
 57
 64
 71
 79
 89
 100
 112
 126

 ⇒ see parts list page 37, item 21

The following approximate quantities are required for sealing FR90 fire dampers with installation subframe RH on both sides:

 DN | 100 125 140 160 180 200 224 250 280 315 355 400 450 500 560 630 710 800

 [ml] | 30 35 40 40 45 50 55 55 60 65 75 80 90 100 110 120 130 145

 ⇒ see parts list page 30, item 6 and page 33, item 7

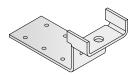
Pack: Cartridge 310 ml



FR90/FK90K corner brackets for suspending claddings of the ventilation ducts to butt joints on site.

⇒ see parts list page 37, item 8

Pack: 4 x corner brackets, incl. screws.



#### Simplified electrical connection

#### Connection box for fire dampers with spring return actuator.

The electrical connections are made in the connection box using plug-in screw terminals. Motor connection lines are fitted with AMP connectors as standard and cannot be accidentally swapped.

Plastic casing 140 mm x 110 mm, 67 m high, protection class II, protection rating IP40.

Actuator connection plug 3-pin AMP connector

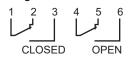
Mains connection
Plug-in screw terminals

24 V AC/DC 1 3 or 230V AC M GND



Limit switch connector plug 6-pin AMP connector

Redirection limit switch Plug-in screw terminals



The illustration shows the de-energised operating position where the fire dampers are closed.

AB-01 for spring return actuators M24-10/F, M24-9/H, M24-11/H AB-02 for spring return actuators M220-10/F, M220-9/H, M220-11/H

#### **BS2** communication system Wildeboer-Net

⇒ see information on the back page and BS2 User Manual 7.1

Specification text

Maintenance-free fire dampers according to EN 15650 with up to 120-minute fire resistance period and fire classifications 30/60/90/120 (ve-ho,  $i\leftrightarrow o$ ) S C 10000. Air-tight casing, class C according to EN 1751, made of galvanized sheet steel with moulded plug connections for spiral lockseam duct, flexible pipe and for similar circular ventilation ducts or air conditioning systems. Casing with lip seals and epoxy resin powder coating on both sides. Replaceable damper blade made of abrasion-proof calcium silicate, with wear-resistant elastomer lip seals / with metal cover made of galvanized steel or 1.4301 stainless steel. Fully enclosed, maintenance-free slider crank transmission in the area of the casing wall, as a self-locking drive mechanism for break-proof torque transmission. Sealed drive axles made of stainless steel, with red metal bearings. Suitable for installation with minimum spacing and with any damper blade axle position in, on and remote from rigid walls and ceilings, in hard-to-access installation openings also with mineral wool, in and remote from metal stud walls and on shaft walls with and without metal studs, in solid timber and timber frame construction walls and ceilings and in ceilings with steel frames. Direct connection to ventilation ducts made of non-combustible or combustible materials, or with protective grilles. Enclosed, maintenance-free thermal release 70°C / 95°C

- For manual single-handed operation
  - Corrosion-resistant release element 70°C
  - With (two) electrical limit switch(es) for signalling the damper blade positions CLOSED, OPEN, CLOSED AND OPEN
  - With remote release via magnetic clamp 230 V AC or 24 V DC / lifting solenoid 230 V AC or 24 V DC / pneumatic cylinder 4 to 8 bar / 1.2 to 8 bar.
- With electric actuator 230 V AC or 24 V AC/DC for remote control and functional checks
- Explosion-protected for zones 1, 2, 21, 22
  - With (two) electric explosion-protected limit switch(es) for signalling the damper blade positions CLOSED/OPEN
  - With explosion-protected electric actuator for 24 V to 240 VAC/DC.
- With
  - Installation subframe RE for installing in rigid walls, ceilings and in metal stud walls
  - Installation subframe RH100 / RH 150 for installation in wooden walls and ceilings
  - Installation subframe RH150 for installation in ceilings with steel frames.
  - Installation subframe RR for installing in rigid walls, ceilings and in metal stud walls.
  - Mounting frame AE for mounting on rigid walls and ceilings and on walls with cladding on one side (shaft walls) and with and without metal studs.
  - Installation subframe ER6 for sliding ceiling connections in metal stud walls.
  - Mounting frame RV and connection frame for installing remote from rigid walls and ceilings and metal stud walls.

Tested according to EN 15650, annex B, with 20% saline solution, for verification of permanent functioning under highly corrosive conditions.

In order to comply with the hygiene requirements according to VDI 6022-1, VDI 3803-1, DIN 1946-4, DIN EN 13779, verification of the necessary resistance of all materials to microorganisms (fungi, bacteria) and disinfectant resistance. With Environmental Product Declaration according to ISO 14025 and EN 15804.

..... pc Diameter DN: ..... mm

Volume flow: ..... m³/h

Pressure drop: ..... Pa

Sound power level: ..... dB(A)

Manufacturer: WILDEBOER
Type/series: FR90/FR92

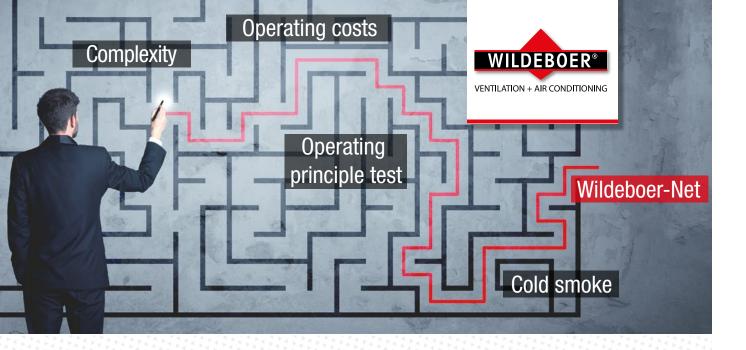
deliver: ......
install: ......



# FR90 fire dampers Specification text: Accessories

	tecting	Protective grille for fire dampers without connecting ducts for protecting flow-through openings. Stamped with 20 mm mesh size made of at least 1 mm thick galvanized sheet steel.									
	pc	Diameter DN: Manufacturer:	•	ILDEBOER	mm		deliver: install:				
	cadmium around materia certific VDI 380	e connectors far-free coating, 210 mm, at leas 1 class B1 accepted as proof of 3-1, DIN 1946-1 104-01, SWKI V	with t 100 mm ording t f compli	connection axial exto DIN 41 iance in N 13779,	n frame. pansion abs 02. With h accordance	Stretch sorption ygiene with VI	ed length, building conformity DI 6022-1,				
	pc	Diameter DN: Manufacturer:	•	 ILDEBOER	mm		deliver: install:				
	Connection box for spring return actuators with AMP connector on connecting lines for transmission via plug-in screw terminals to on-site line. Plastic casing IP40.										
	pc AB-0	1 for 24 V AC/DC Manufacturer:		ILDEBOER			deliver: install:				
• • • • • • •	pc AB-0	2 for 230 V AC Manufacturer:	W	ILDEBOER			deliver: install:				

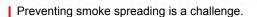
Select texts not highlighted in bold as required!





### Existing problems:

The system design, installation, programming and commissioning of conventional control systems in buildings is complex.



Recurring functional tests are time-consuming, affect operation and incur high costs.

Fire dampers have to operate reliably. Changes in the building control system always require new operating principle testing.



## Our response:

- Special plug-and-play functionality allows control systems for fire dampers to be designed, built and connected in parent hierarchy without any measuring and control expertise.
- Detect smoke and close fire dampers reliably and in good time via flexible release groups.
- The BS2 communication system "Wildeboer-Net" performs functional testing in less than 10 minutes in all.
- The BS2 communication system "Wildeboer-Net" controls and safeguards the functioning of fire dampers. Changes in the building control system have no effect.



### The solution:

### BS2 communication system Wildeboer-Net

Network your fire protection and significantly minimise the cost of planning, installation and testing. The BS2 communication system "Wildeboer-Net" lays all the groundwork for you. Don't miss out on these benefits. We would be glad to advise you.



Watch explanatory video on YouTube wildeboer.eu/youtube







#### BS2 communication system Wildeboer-Net

 Optimum system solution combined with our maintenance-free fire dampers

#### Wildeboer Bauteile GmbH

Marker Weg 11 | 26826 Weener | Germany | **\$\Circ\$** +49 4951 950-0 | **\$\mathbb{\mathbb** 

■ info@wildeboer.eu | • www.wildeboer.eu